

Product Specifications

Custom Oligo Synthesis, antisense oligos, RNA oligos, chimeric oligos, Fluorescent dyes, Affinity Ligands, Spacers & Linkers, Duplex Stabilizers, Minor bases, labeled oligos, Molecular Beacons, siRNA, phosphonates Locked Nucleic Acids (LNA); 2'-5' linked Oligos

Oligo Modifications

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures for clinical purposes.

7-deaza deoxy Inosine

Category Structural Studies Modification Code 7-deaza-dl Reference Catalog Number 26-6917 5 Prime 3 Prime Υ Internal Υ - Www Oligo 3 Molecular Weight(mw) 313.19 7-deaza deoxy Inosine [26-6917-XX]

7-deaza deoxy Inosine modification is a base with nitrogen at position 7 replaced by a carbon. Deoxyinosine (dl) is classified as a nucleotide base analog; it is structurally similar to guanosine, but is missing the 2-amino group. Because it is able to form two hydrogen bonds with each of the four natural nucleotide bases (1), it is often used by researchers as a "universal" base meaning that it can base pair with all the naturally-occurring bases--in synthetic oligos. dl typically is substituted for the nucleoside at the third ('wobble') position of codons, in order to reduce the complexity of mixed oligo PCR primers/hybridization probes needed to deal with degenerate codons in the target DNA (2, 3). However, it is important to remember that dl does not base pair equally well with the naturally-occurring bases, with the order of thermodynamic stability being I-C >: I-A > I-G ~ I-T. Thermodynamic stability of inosine-containing duplexes is also affected by neighboring bases (4). Consequently, when using dl as an alternative to mixed-base degeneracy at a particular oligo position, keep in mind that the above base-pairing bias may lead to differences in the oligo's priming or hybridization efficiency in the corresponding degenerate regions of the target. Because the effect could be more pronounced when dl is at the 3'-position, it may be advisable to use primers with and without dl at the 3'-end, in order to maximize diversity of PCR products (5). **References** 1. Oda, Y, Uesugi, S., Ikehara, M., Kawase, Y., Ohtsuka, E. NMR studies for identification of dl:dG mismatch base-pairing structure in DNA. *Nucleic Acids Res.* (1991), **19**: 5263-5267.

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