



Product Specifications

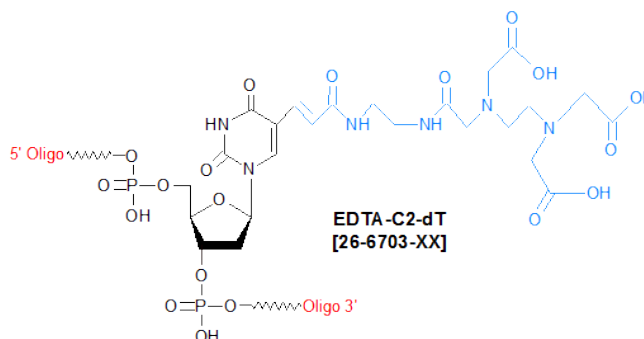
Custom Oligo Synthesis, antisense oligos, RNA oligos, chimeric oligos, Fluorescent dyes, Affinity Ligands, Spacers & Linkers, Duplex Stabilizers, Minor bases, labeled oligos, Molecular Beacons, siRNA, phosphonates Locked Nucleic Acids (LNA); 2'-5' linked Oligos

Oligo Modifications

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures for clinical purposes.

EDTA-C2-dT

Category	Minor Bases
Modification Code	EDTA-C2-dT
Reference Catalog Number	26-6703
5 Prime	Y
3 Prime	Y
Internal	Y
Molecular Weight(mw)	676.53



EDTA-C2-dT is a deoxythymidine conjugated with the triethanoic (that is, triacetic) acid derivative of EDTA at the C-5 position of the thymine base. Oligonucleotides containing EDTA-C2-dT are typically used as artificial nucleases for cleaving both single and double-stranded DNA (1,2). In such cases, the modified oligo serves as a molecular recognition moiety, while the EDTA complexed to a metal ion (such as Fe(II)) acts as the actual cleavage agent. This analytical approach has been used to investigate the tertiary structure of tRNA (3).

Note that, because addition of Fe(II) and dithiothreitol (DTT) to form the Fe-EDTA complex in the oligo results in fairly rapid autocleavage of the oligo's own phosphodiester backbone (thereby rendering the oligo useless as an artificial nuclease), substitution of methylphosphonate into this backbone can be done to confer resistance to such autocleavage (4).

Besides being used in the synthesis of oligo-based artificial nucleases, another possible use for EDTA-C2-dT is to introduce a metal complex (for example, a Cu-64-EDTA complex) into an oligonucleotide probe for use in experiments requiring in vivo imaging with positron emission tomography (PET). **References**

1. Dreyer, G.B., Dervan, P.B. Sequence-specific cleavage of single-stranded DNA: oligodeoxynucleotide-EDTA X Fe(II). *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. USA* (1985), **82**: 968-972.
2. Moser, H.E., Dervan, P.B. Sequence-specific cleavage of double helical DNA by triple helix formation. *Science* (1987), **238**: 645-650.
3. Han, H., Dervan, P.B. Visualization of RNA tertiary structure by RNA-EDTA X Fe(II) autocleavage: analysis of tRNA(Phe) with uridine-EDTA X Fe(II) at position 47. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*. (1994), **91**: 4955-4959.
4. Lin, S-B., Blake, K.R., Miller, P.S., Ts'o, P.O. Use of EDTA Derivatization To Characterize Interactions between Oligodeoxyribonucleoside Methylphosphonates and Nucleic Acids. *Biochemistry* (1989), **28**: 1054-1061.