Cy3

Category: Fluorescent Dyes
Modification Code: Cy3
Reference Catalog Number: 26-6437

5' Prime: Y
3' Prime: Y
Internal: Y

Molecular Weight (mw): 507.6

Prices listed above are for 5' modification. Internal and 3' incurs additional charges and are post synthesis conjugation to a primary amino group thus an additional modification with an amino group is required. A C6 or C12 amino group can be placed at the 5' or for the 3' end a C3 or C7 amino and for internal positions an amino modified base is used, e.g Amino dT C6.

Cyanine 3 (Cy3) is a fluorescent dye that belongs to the Cyanine family of synthetic polymethine dyes. Cy3 is reactive, water-soluble, and has an absorbance maximum of 550 nm and an emission maximum of 570 nm. It is available as both a phosphoramidite and an NHS ester, and is used to fluorescently label oligonucleotides at either the 5'- or 3'-end, or internally. Cy3 plays a particularly important role in real-time PCR applications, being used as the reporter moiety in TaqMan probes (1), Scorpion primers (2) and Molecular Beacons (3). For such probes, Cy3 is most commonly paired with the dark quencher BHQ-2, as the two have excellent spectral overlap.

Cy3 can also be used to label DNA oligos for use as hybridization probes in other applications, such as Fluorescent In-Situ Hybridization (FISH). In 2010, Stoeckler and co-workers (4) reported that Cy3 double-labeling of FISH probes (at both ends) that were specific to ribosomal RNA targets in microorganisms at least doubles FISH signal intensity without affecting specificity. This "Double Labeling of Oligonucleotide Probes for Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization (DOPE-FISH)" strategy may provide an effective solution to the problem of low signal intensity, which is commonly observed when using corresponding singly-labeled FISH probes for microbe identification. As an added benefit, Cy3-doubly labeled probes were shown to increase the in situ accessibility of rRNA targets sites in microbes, which allows for greater probe design flexibility.

References
3. Tyagi, S., Kramer, F.R. Molecular beacons: probes that fluoresce upon hybridization.