

2005 — 2006 CATALOG

# Premium Custom Oligonucleotides

Long Oligos Up to 250 mer

Modifications

Antisense Oligos

Fluorescent Molecular Probes

RNA Interference

Genetic Tools & Reagents

Gene Detection Systems



# Quality • Consistency • Confidence

For over a decade Gene Link has been providing researchers with the finest critical genetic research tools. Consistently maintaining our reputation and responsibility to supply quality products, we present our entire line with unrivaled confidence. Our products and services are supported and ensured by our commitment to premium quality and our constant efforts to introduce innovative products and cutting-edge technology to the research community worldwide.

Gene Link fosters customer satisfaction and loyalty by stressing personal relationships with our customers. Our dedicated and expertly trained customer service and technical support teams are motivated to serve our customers in any way possible. Routinely assisting our customers in the design of their experiments and other technical inquiries, we stay committed and connected to our customers who have entrusted us with supplying the tools they need in furthering their exciting and groundbreaking research. Gene Link has developed, and will continue to preserve, a reputation for “Quality, Consistency and Confidence.”

A leading supplier of premium custom oligonucleotides, researchers turn to Gene Link for demanding applications and consistent results. Gene Link services include genotyping, sequencing and gene construction; as well as a wide variety of other molecular biology products such as siRNA, fluorescent probes, genetic tools and reagents, and non-radioactive gene detection systems for human genetic disorders.



**GOLD STANDARD**

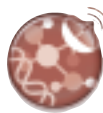
**Specializing in Long Oligos  
up to 250 mer**

# Contents



## Premium Oligonucleotide Synthesis

- 2 Quality, Consistency, Confidence  
Superior quality oligos for demanding applications and consistent results.
- 4 Oligo Design & Analysis Tools  
Gene Link provides the most comprehensive online design and analysis tools.
- 8 Long Oligos  
Maintaining the highest possible coupling efficiency enables synthesis of premium long oligos up to 250 mer.
- 10 Purification  
Gel (PAGE) and Reverse Phase Cartridge (RPC) purification methods available based on desired applications.
- 12 Modifications  
Modifications are available for all applications.
- 16 Stock Primers and Probes  
Stock random primers, oligo d(T)s, sequencing primers, linkers, adaptors and more.



## Fluorescent Molecular Probes

- 18 Unique Capabilities  
We synthesize probes of numerous dye, quencher and oligo type combinations.
- 18 Fluorescent Primers  
SNP, allelic discrimination and polymorphism studies.
- 18 Molecular Beacons and TaqMan Probes  
Real time PCR and quantitative analysis. Various combinations synthesized.



## RNA Interference

- 20 RNAi Explorer™  
A series of products and services to aid researchers in exploring RNA interference.
- 20 Guaranteed RNAi Explorer™ Kit  
3+1 siRNAs and a detection probe. Simply provide the accession number or sequence for the gene to down regulate.
- 21 siRNA & shRNA Explorer™  
Robust online design algorithm to generate siRNA and shRNA for vector-based RNA interference.
- 21 RNAi Controls  
Negative and positive control siRNA duplexes for validating RNA interference transfection and silencing efficiencies.



## Genetic Tools & Reagents

- 22 Omni-Clean™  
Agarose gel DNA purification, concentration and desalting using the classic bead or convenient spin column format.
- 24 Omni-Pure™  
DNA, RNA and plasmid purification systems for facile and rapid purification from varied sources.
- 28 Omni-cDNA™  
A convenient source of high quality first strand cDNA.
- 29 Omni-mRNA™  
A unique blend of amplified high quality mRNA purified from various tissues.
- 30 Omni-Array™ mRNA Amplification  
Global mRNA amplification compatible with all labeling and detection systems.
- 31 Omni-Marker™  
Universal and Low DNA markers containing a blend of fragments ranging from 50 bp to 10 kb.
- 31 GScan Marker™  
Fluorescent-labeled DNA markers for precise and high resolution fragment sizing.



## Gene Detection Systems

- 32 Genemer™  
Primer pair for genotyping and visualization by gel electrophoresis and ethidium bromide staining.
- 34 GeneProber™  
Specific gene fragment probe for Southern blot based hybridization of genomic DNA.
- 34 PCRProber™  
Primer pair for amplification of a gene fragment followed by Southern blot and chemiluminescent detection.
- 36 GScan™  
Fluorescent genotyping of triple repeat disorders.
- 37 Genemer™ Control DNA  
Cloned fragments of the mutation region of a particular gene for use with specific Genemer™ and GScan™ products.

## General Information

Appendix .....	38
Index .....	41
Ordering Information .....	43
Shipping Information .....	43
Web Resource .....	45



# Premium Oligonucleotide Synthesis

**QUALITY • CONSISTENCY • CONFIDENCE**

Gene Link oligos are for demanding applications and consistent results. We believe that investigators who value time and have no room for an experiment to fail due to oligo quality should consider Gene Link. Our numerous quality control steps for each oligo assure confidence.



**GOLD STANDARD**

## **Actual Gel Photo**

An actual gel photo of each oligo is affixed on the oligo report. An absolute testimony of quality.

Gene Link has raised the standard since inception over a decade ago.

*We have the pictures to prove it!*

## Superior to “Mass-Produced Factory Oligos”

Gene Link is not an oligo factory. Each oligo is synthesized, processed and quality assured to Gene Link’s absolute standards. This includes coupling efficiency monitoring of each base during synthesis and electrophoretic analysis of each oligo on a polyacrylamide gel to visually assess quality.

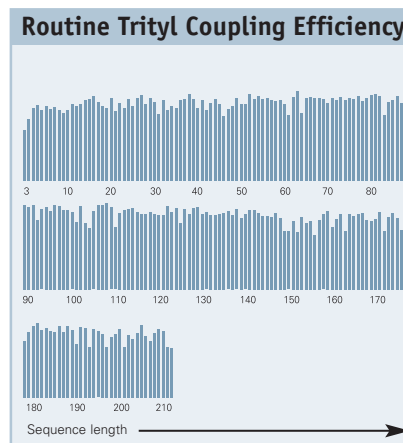
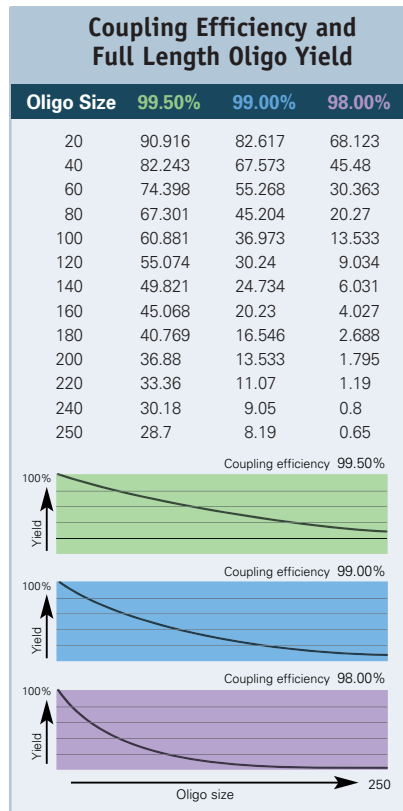
### Coupling Efficiency

We maintain a coupling efficiency threshold of greater than 99.5% for all oligos by using premium reagents of exacting specifications, membrane synthesis, state-of-the-art instruments and optimized software-driven protocols. This may not be evident when comparing short oligos, as PCR and sequencing reactions are very robust and can tolerate up to 50% failure/truncated sequence oligos. However, you are clearly taking a chance by using long oligos synthesized at anything below 99.5% coupling efficiency.

### Trityl Monitoring

All Gene Link DNA synthesizers are equipped with trityl monitors for monitoring coupling efficiency of each added base. The instruments are programmed to halt when it falls below the threshold.

See example of routine trityl bars.



Actual trityl coupling efficiency of a 210 mer.

## The Gene Link Advantage

- Stringent Quality Control Measures
- Specializing in Long Oligos up to 250 mer
- Trityl Monitoring of All Oligos
- Polyacrylamide Gel Photograph of Each Oligo
- All Modifications Available
- All Oligo Types Available
- Easy Online Ordering System
- Online Design and Analysis Tools
- Knowledgeable Technical Support
- Personalized, Friendly Customer Service



### Long Oligos

Ask our competitors how often they synthesize 200 to 250 mer oligonucleotides. Gene Link specializes in long oligos.

*You are invited to compare.*





### Multiple Oligo NCBI Blast

Click [NCBI BLAST](#) to ascertain homologies to other sequences.

Perform NCBI Blast of multiple sequences at once by using Gene Link's online MultiBlast application. Import all the sequences using a spreadsheet or a text file. All of your sequences will be blasted and results retrieved. Gene Link offers a very convenient approach to perform multiple blast searches.



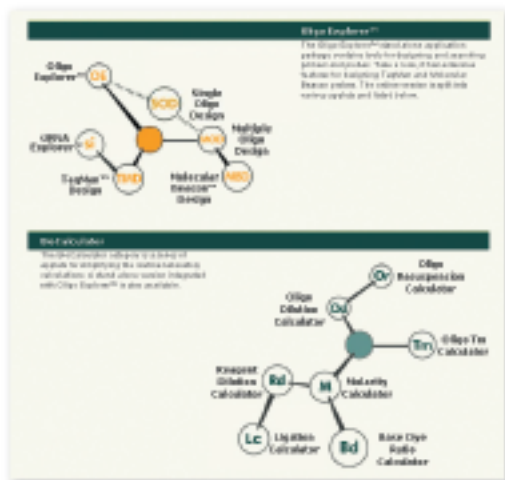
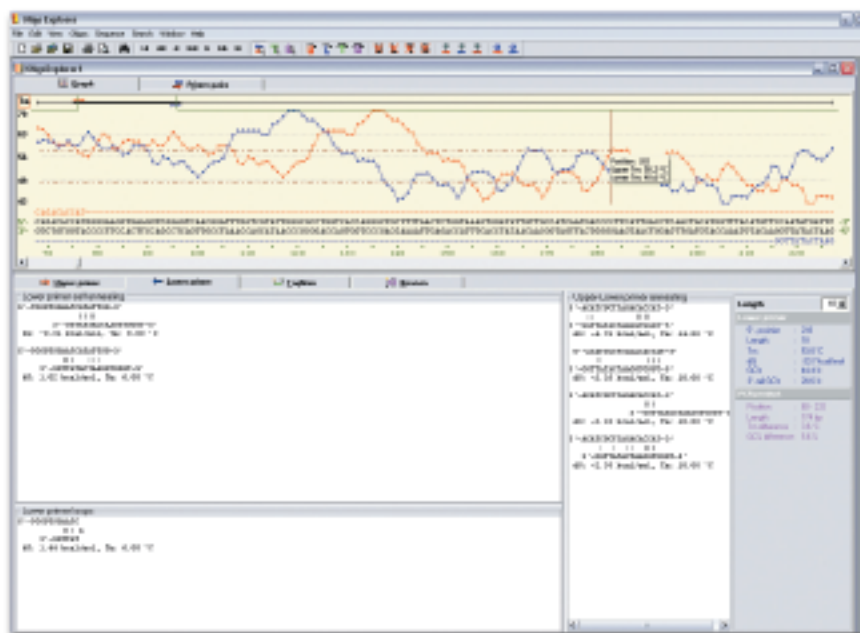
### OLIGO EXPLORER 1.2

#### Oligo Explorer™

**A PC-based application for standalone DNA sequence retrieval and oligo design.**

Oligo Explorer™ was developed to design PCR and sequencing primers. Oligo Explorer™ is an efficient easy-to-use tool to determine primer properties like  $T_m$ , GC%, primer loops and primer dimers.

Oligo Explorer™ also includes a powerful "Primer Wizard" tool that helps you to find suitable primer pairs. You can set your own parameters for the primer pair search engine or use the default parameters. "Primer Wizard" suggests primer pairs that amplify PCR products of the given length. Individual primer pairs are suggested that theoretically will not form stable primer dimers or primer loops.



### Molecular Biology Convenience Applets

Gene Link has numerous online applets for quick calculations. The BioCalculator is a series of applets for simplifying the routine laboratory calculations. The following convenient calculators are available:

- Oligo Resuspension
- Oligo Dilution
- Oligo  $T_m$
- Reagent Dilution
- Molarity Determination
- Ligation
- Base/Dye Ratio





### Oligo Scale of Synthesis and Typical Yield

Scale	Crude Desalted			RPC Purified**			Gel Purified		
	20 mer oligo* Typical yield			30 mer oligo* Typical yield			50 mer oligo* Typical yield		
	A <sub>260</sub> Units	nmols	mg	A <sub>260</sub> Units	nmols	mg	A <sub>260</sub> Units	nmols	mg
50 nmol	8-10	30+	0.2-0.3	4-5	12+	0.1-0.16	NR* [1-2]	NR* [2-4]	NR* [0.03-0.06]
200 nmol	20-25	80+	0.6-0.8	8-12	24+	0.26-0.4	4-6	8+	0.13-0.2
1 μmol	100-120	400+	3-4	40-50	30+	1.3-1.6	20-25	40+	0.6-0.8
<b>Purity &amp; Yield</b>	<b>Purity is greater than 80%</b> depending on oligo sequence and structure. Refer to coupling efficiency table for oligo length dependent purity and yield.  No further purification required for PCR and sequencing applications.  Gel purification recommended for oligos above 50 mer and all applications involving cloning and mutagenesis.			<b>Purity 85% to 95%</b> depending on oligo sequence and structure.  Yield and purity will be lower for sequences with high GC content.  Not recommended for oligos longer than 35 mer.  **RPC is reverse phase purification using a cartridge; a substitute for HPLC.			<b>Purity 98% to ~100%</b> depending on oligo sequence and structure.  Yield will gradually decrease as length of oligo increases. Palindromes, hairpins and high GC content oligos and oligos containing stretches of 3 or more G's induces strong secondary structure and base stacking thus decreasing purity and yield.  NR* Not Recommended		

\*Yield of 30 μg/A<sub>260</sub> unit for oligos is calculated for an ~equimolar base composition. Long stretches of a single base or homopolymers will have variable yields. Example for homopolymeric 50 mer: A(50) = ~20/A<sub>260</sub> Unit; G(50) = ~28/A<sub>260</sub> Unit; T(50) = ~35/A<sub>260</sub> Unit and C(50) = ~39/A<sub>260</sub> Unit.

#### Unmodified DNA Oligo Synthesis\*

Scale of Synthesis	Catalog No.	Price (\$)
50 nmol	26-6400-05	0.90
200 nmol	26-6400-02	2.00
1 μmol	26-6400-01	3.75
2 μmol	26-6400-03	6.50
10 μmol	26-6400-10	32.00
15 μmol	26-6400-15	38.00

\*minimum charge for 15 mer applies. Please visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for current list prices. Call for institutional discount pricing structure.

#### Same Day Oligo\*

**Design your oligos today and use them tomorrow morning!** Investigators who just can not wait order our rush service (order by 12 noon EST). We ship the same day for next early morning delivery in the US and 72 hours for most international destinations.

\* Turn-around time stated is for unmodified oligos. Please inquire about purified and modified oligos

#### Purification

Product	Catalog No.	Scale of Synthesis Price (\$)/ purification					
		50 nmol	200 nmol	1 μmol	2 μmol	10 μmol	15 μmol
Gel Purification	26-6400-XX	75.00	75.00	150.00	280.00	1500.00	1800.00
Reverse Phase Cartridge	26-6400-XX	30.00	30.00	90.00	170.00	750.00	900.00

## Synthesis of Long Oligos

Synthesis of long oligos up to 250 mer requires greater than 99.5% coupling efficiency. This can only be attained by using reagents of exacting specifications, optimized protocols and state-of-the-art instruments. Gene Link has perfected and maintains these standards. *You are invited to compare.*

**PCR and sequencing reactions are very robust and can tolerate up to 50% failure/truncated sequence oligos.**

**However, you are clearly taking a chance by using long oligos synthesized at anything below 99.5% coupling efficiency. See the coupling efficiency table and graph.**

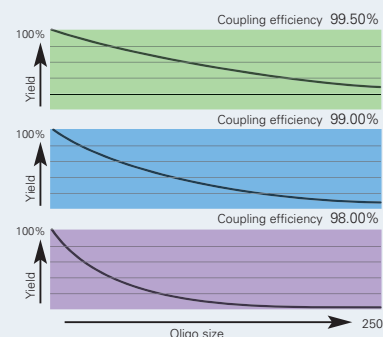
Gene Link specializes in long oligos. Our description of a long oligo is 180 mer to 250 mer. *You are invited to compare.*

### Purification

Crude oligo is the total yield after chemical synthesis; this contains the full-length product as well as all truncated n-1 sequences. For example, at 99% coupling efficiency the crude yield of a 70 mer is ~50% full-length and ~50% truncated sequences. Gel purification is strongly recommended for all oligos above 50 mer.

### Coupling Efficiency and Full Length Oligo Yield

Oligo Size	99.50%	99.00%	98.00%
20	90.916	82.617	68.123
40	82.243	67.573	45.48
60	74.398	55.268	30.363
80	67.301	45.204	20.27
100	60.881	36.973	13.533
120	55.074	30.24	9.034
140	49.821	24.734	6.031
160	45.068	20.23	4.027
180	40.769	16.546	2.688
200	36.88	13.533	1.795
220	33.36	11.07	1.19
240	30.18	9.05	0.8
250	28.7	8.19	0.65



PCR and sequencing reactions are very robust and can tolerate up to 50% failure/truncated sequence oligos. However, you are clearly taking a chance by using long oligos synthesized at anything below 99.5% coupling efficiency.

### Coupling Efficiency

Chemical DNA synthesis comprises of multiple reactions to complete a cycle of the appropriate base coupling. Thus the use of reagents of exacting specifications, state-of-the-art instruments and optimized software driven protocols are necessary to maintain the highest possible

coupling efficiency. This becomes enormously important when synthesizing a long oligo. Coupling efficiency of 99% or 98% seems very good but on closer examination the yield is almost half for a 40 mer! See the coupling efficiency table.

### Long Oligo Scale of Synthesis and Typical Yield

Gel Purified 150 mer oligo typical yield			
Scale	A <sub>260</sub> Units	nmols	mg
1 μmol	4–6	4+	0.13–0.2
2 μmol	8–12	8+	0.26–0.8

**Purity & Yield 98% to ~100%** depending on oligo sequence and structure.

Yield will gradually decrease as length of oligo increases. Palindromes, hairpins and high GC content oligos and oligos containing stretches of 3 or more G's induces strong secondary structure and base stacking thus decreasing purity and yield.

### Oligo Size and Purification Recommendations

Scale	Synthesis Scale	Recommended Purification
1-49 mer	50 nmol	No purification required. Purification dependent upon desired application.
50-99 mer	200 nmol	Gel purification
100-199 mer	1 μmol	Gel purification
200-250 mer	2 μmol	Gel purification



## Purification

**All Gene Link oligos shorter than 40 mer do not require any further purification if the application is for PCR or sequencing.**

A 20 mer oligo synthesized at a coupling efficiency of 99.5% will contain ~90% full-length 20 mer and a mixture of truncated sequences comprising of ~10%.

As the length of the oligo increases, even at a coupling efficiency of 99.5%, the yield of the full-length oligo is reducing. See the table and graph on page 8. A 60 mer crude product will contain ~75% full-length oligo and similarly a 100 mer will contain ~60%.

Purification is strongly recommended for oligos longer than 50 mer.

**The gold standard of long oligo purification is polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.**

### HPLC/RPC

HPLC and RPC (Reverse Phase Cartridge) purification methods yield purity of 85% to 95% depending upon the sequence, GC content and length of the oligonucleotide. Reverse phase based HPLC fails above 40 mer as longer oligos are inherently hydrophobic and bind non-specifically.

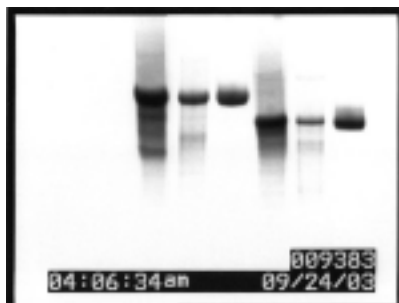
### Polyacrylamide Gel Purification (PAGE)

Purification by this method is considered the Gold Standard for oligonucleotide purification and yields 99%+ purity. Gel purification can be used for any length of oligonucleotide (as compared to HPLC and RPC cartridges which are limited to oligonucleotides below 40 mer). Gel purification is strongly advised for all applications involving cloning of the product, such as mutagenesis and gene construction applications.

Oligo Scale of Synthesis and Typical Yield						
Scale	RPC Purified**			Gel Purified		
	30 mer oligo Typical yield			50 mer oligo Typical yield		
	A <sub>260</sub> Units	nmols	mg	A <sub>260</sub> Units	nmols	mg
50 nmol	4-5	12+	0.1-0.16	NR* [1-2]	NR* [2-4]	NR* [0.03-0.06]
200 nmol	8-12	24+	0.26-0.4	4-6	8+	0.13-0.2
1 μmol	40-50	30+	1.3-1.6	20-25	40+	0.6-0.8
<b>Purity &amp; Yield</b>	<b>Purity 85% to 95%</b> depending on oligo sequence and structure.  Yield and purity will be lower for sequences with high GC content.  Not recommended for oligos longer than 35 mer.  **RPC is reverse phase purification using a cartridge; a substitute for HPLC.			<b>Purity 98% to ~100%</b> depending on oligo sequence and structure.  Yield will gradually decrease as length of oligo increases. Palindromes, hairpins and high GC content oligos and oligos containing stretches of 3 or more G's induces strong secondary structure and base stacking thus decreasing purity and yield.  NR* Not Recommended		

### G's: The Unresolved Dilemma

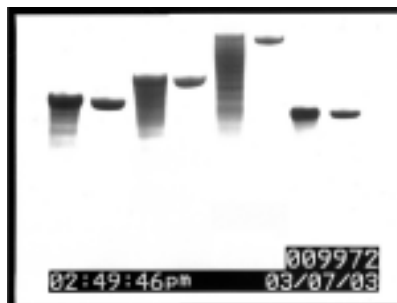
Ever wonder why we have not yet discovered a polymerase that can breeze through a stretch of G's? A stretch of three or more G's in an oligo sequence induces strong secondary structure. A string of G's and C's can exhibit internal Hoogsteen base pairing, non-Watson-Crick triple base pairing and should be avoided. Although this anomalous behavior is difficult to predict, in general, avoid runs of more than three consecutive G's in primers. Also, examine potential primers for self-complementary and hairpin structures.



**Comparison of Unpurified, RPC and Gel Purified Oligos**

Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis of crude, reverse phase cartridge (RPC) and gel purified oligos. Approximately 15 µg of crude unpurified oligo were loaded to show the truncated failure sequences. Approximately 8 µg of purified oligo were loaded. Lanes 1–3: 68 mer; lanes 4–6: 56 mer. Lanes 1 & 4: crude unpurified; lanes 2 & 5: RPC purified; lanes 3 & 6: gel purified.

**Results:** The above gel picture shows the lack of purification efficiency of RPC as compared to gel purification. Notice the remaining truncated oligo sequences that the RPC method failed to purify.



**Comparison of Unpurified and Gel Purified Oligos**

Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis of crude and gel purified oligos in adjacent lanes. Lanes 1 & 2: 63 mer; lanes 3 & 4: 96 mer; lanes 5 & 6: 175 mer; lanes 7 & 8: 43 mer.

**Results:** At Gene Link we recommend gel purification of all long oligos and oligos used in cloning applications. Gel purification is the “gold standard” method of purification as the denaturing polyacrylamide gel resolution approaches single base and the major band is clearly visible to be excised and purified.

Oligo Size & Purification Recommendations		
Length	PAGE	HPLC/RPC
8-40 mer	Yes	Yes
41-250 mer	Yes	No

All Gene Link oligos shorter than 40 mer usually do not require any further purification if the application is for PCR or sequencing.

Application Based Purification Recommendations	
Application	Purification
PCR & Sequencing	Not Required
Cloning & Gene Construction	Yes
Mutagenesis	Yes
Modified Oligos	Yes
Probes	Yes

### Purification

All Gene Link oligos shorter than 40 mer usually do not require any further purification if the application is for PCR or sequencing. Gene Link recommends gel purification of oligos longer than 50 mer and all oligos destined to be cloned.

Product	Scale of Synthesis Price (\$)/purification					
	50 nmol	200 nmol	1 µmol	2 µmol	10 µmol	15 µmol
Gel Purification	75.00	75.00	150.00	280.00	1500.00	1800.00
Reverse Phase Cartridge	30.00	30.00	90.00	170.00	750.00	900.00



## Oligo Modifications for Increased Duplex Stability & Nuclease Resistance

Increased duplex stability and nuclease resistance are underlying requirements for most oligonucleotide-based applications.

Gene Link offers several modifications that can render the oligo less susceptible to nuclease degradation as well as increase hybridization stability. In addition to the synthesis of these modified oligos, we routinely assist customers in the design of oligos that are particularly suited to their application.

Antisense research requires short oligonucleotides that are complementary in sequence, and upon specific hybridization to its cognate gene product, induce inhibition of gene expression.

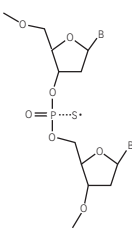
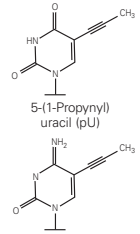
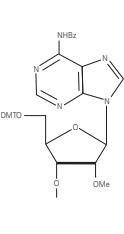
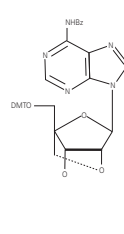
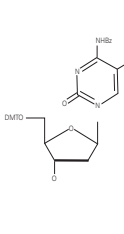
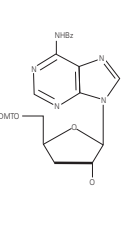
Increased stability of the RNA-DNA

duplex in terms of hybridization and half-life is crucial to successful gene inhibition. These modifications can also be used for molecular probes and primers. Listed are some of the common modifications that impart these properties.

### Antisense ODN Design Options

Traditionally phosphorothioate ODN's are used for antisense research. Consider inclusion of modified bases imparting increased duplex stability.

### Oligo Modifications

Modification	Phosphorothioate	Propyne analogs	2'-O-methyl RNA	Locked Nucleic Acids	5-Me-dC	2'-5' Linked Oligonucleotides	Chimeric Linkages
<b>Molecular Structure</b>	 2'-Deoxy thioate	 5-(1-Propynyl) uracil (pU) 5-(1-Propynyl) cytosine (pC)	 2'-O-methyl A	 dA LNA	 5-Me-dC	 3' dA (2'-5' linked)	Structure varies
<b>Chemical Characteristics</b>	Modification of the phosphodiester bond by replacing one of the non-bridging oxygens by sulfur	C-5 propyne analogs of dC and dT	2'-O-methyl at the 2' hydroxyl position	Bicyclic nucleic acid where a ribonucleoside is linked between the 2'-oxygen and the 4'-carbon atoms with a methylene unit	C-5 methylated dC	2'-5' linked phosphodiester linkage, 3' deoxy bases	Mixed phosphorothioate and phosphodiester linkages and modifications
<b>Duplex Stability</b>	Hybridizes to the target sequences with lesser affinity than oligos with phosphodiester backbone	Increased binding affinity to the target mRNA and increased stability	Binding similar to DNA	Highest thermal stability of all available modifications	Increased	Increased binding efficiency to RNA	Increased
<b>Nuclease Resistance</b>	Imparts resistance to nuclease degradation	Increased nuclease resistance	Increased	Increased	Similar to DNA	Increased	Increased



APPLICATION	RECOMMENDED MODIFICATIONS
Antisense Gene Target	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2'-O-Me-nucleotides (2'-O-Me-RNA) form more stable hybrids with complementary RNA strands than equivalent DNA and RNA sequences.</li> <li>• Phosphorothioate linkages confer resistance to nuclease degradation.</li> <li>• Locked Nucleic Acids (LNA) demonstrate unsurpassed duplex stability. Use phosphorothioate linkages to impart nuclease resistance and LNA bases to achieve the most stable hybridization.</li> <li>• Propyne modified with phosphorothioate linkages are 50x more effective than the corresponding phosphodiester oligo.</li> </ul>
Real-Time PCR probes, QPCR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5-Me-dC enhances duplex stability, thus shorter probes can be synthesized.</li> <li>• LNA bases render the probe greater duplex stability than the use of single MGB (minor groove binders) at the 3' end. It is an excellent substitute for TaqMan MGB modifications.</li> <li>• All combinations of modifications, fluorescent dyes, and backbone modifications can be performed.</li> </ul>
SNP Genotyping, Allelic Discrimination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LNA substituted bases impart greater specificity with higher <math>T_m</math>.</li> <li>• All types of fluorescent dyes and backbone modifications can be performed.</li> <li>• 5-Me-dC behaves similar to LNA bases in imparting duplex stability.</li> </ul>
Hybridization Probes and PCR Amplification Primers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LNA substituted bases impart greater specificity with higher <math>T_m</math>. Substitute 4-6 DNA bases with LNA bases.</li> <li>• 5-Me-dC behaves similar to LNA bases in imparting duplex stability.</li> </ul>

### Modifications Increasing Nuclease Resistance and Duplex Stability

Product	Price (\$)/site	
	200 nmol scale	1 $\mu$ mol scale
Phosphorothioates	4.25	6.50
5-Propyne pdC, pdU	130.00	200.00
5-Me-dC	75.00	125.00
2'-O-methyl bases	14.00	20.00
2'-5' linked bases	275.00	300.00
LNA bases	190.00	250.00
Chimeric linkage	75.00	75.00

\*minimum charge for 15-20 mer applies depending upon modification.  
Visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete conditions of use and licensing agreements.

### The Gene Link Advantage

- Stringent Quality Control Measures
- Specializing in Challenging Combinations of Modifications
- Antisense ODN combinations
- SNP Genotyping & Allelic Discrimination
- Real Time PCR Probes
- All Oligo Types and Modifications Available
- Easy Online Ordering System
- Online Design and Analysis Tools
- Rapid Turn Around Time
- Knowledgeable Technical Support
- Personalized, Friendly Customer Service



### Unique Modifications

Gene Link specializes in the design and synthesis of challenging combinations of modifications.

*You are invited to compare.*

Gene Link encourages investigators to switch to non-radioactive detection methods. These provide a safe and sensitive alternative to radioactive methods.

Sensitive chemiluminescent, visible dye and fluorescence-based methods are available for qualitative and quantitative detection. The ligand modified oligos for non-radioactive detection can also be used for specific sequence-based affinity chromatography.

### Phosphorylation for Ligation and Cloning

Oligonucleotides that are designed for eventual cloning are ligated to the appropriate vector. Efficient ligation requires that the 5' end of the fragment possess a phosphate group to form the phosphodiester linkage.

Custom oligos can be quantitatively modified to add a phosphate at the 5' end or the 3' end. This is a convenient way to kinase the oligos. 5' Phosphorylation should be requested as a modification at the time of order placement.

### Non-Radioactive Hybridization Probes

#### Sensitivity

Chemiluminescent detection with alkaline phosphatase approaches 0.1 pg, equivalent to  $\sim 1 \times 10^6$  copies of the target; this is equivalent to less than 4  $\mu\text{g}$  of human genomic DNA. Almost all Southern-based hybridizations can be switched to safe non-radioactive based methods.

#### Detection Strategy

The non-radioactive modification used must be complemented with a sensitive detection method. Please see technical details at [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com).

### Modifications for Affinity and Hybridization Probes

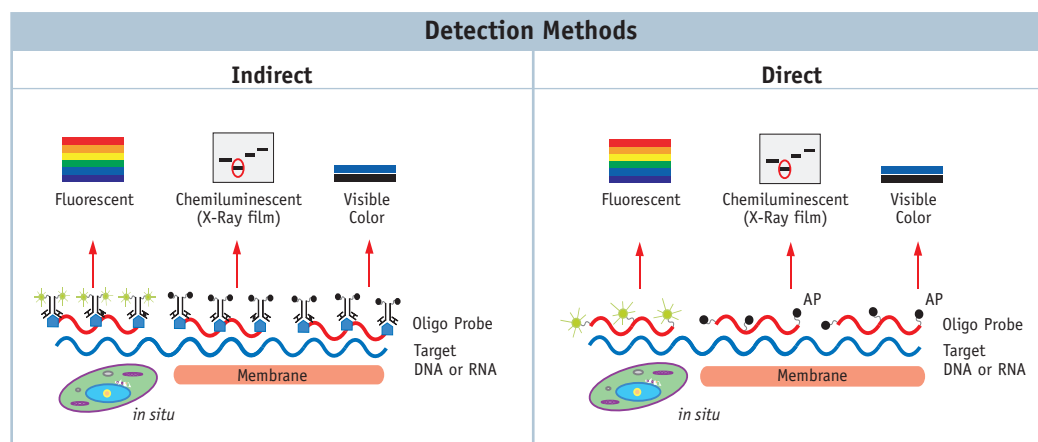
Oligos can be labeled with biotin or digoxigenin or directly labeled with alkaline phosphatase. A variety of linker arms are available as spacers to minimize steric hindrance. See table for a list of popular ligand modifications and spacer molecules. Gene Link synthesizes all oligo types and modifications. Visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for a complete listing and detailed information.

#### Biotin and Digoxigenin

Oligos can be labeled with biotin or conjugated with digoxigenin. These modifications can be placed at both the 5' and 3' ends and internally as a branch from a T residue.

#### Spacers and Linkers

Spacers and linkers are used to insert a spacer arm into an oligonucleotide. These may be added in multiple additions when a longer spacer is required. 3' Spacer C3 CPG may also act as a blocker of exonuclease and polymerase activity at the 3'-terminus. dSpacer is used to introduce a stable abasic site within an oligonucleotide.





### Alkaline Phosphatase Conjugation

Alkaline phosphatase conjugation is similar in chemistry to digoxigenin labeling. The oligo is synthesized with an amino modification and then conjugated with activated alkaline phosphatase. Amino C-12 is recommended as the modification.

### Fluorescence *in situ* Hybridization (FISH)

Fluorescence *in situ* Hybridization (FISH) is an important tool for the cell biologist and cytogeneticist. Using different combinations of dye-labeled oligos followed by *in situ* hybridization provides a way to reliably detect target DNA, DNA insertions, deletions and translocations at the chromosomal level.

### Affinity Chromatography

In addition to their importance as nucleic acid probes, biotinylated oligonucleotides are also useful for the purification of DNA binding proteins or cognate DNA molecules by specific hybridization-based affinity chromatography.

### Locked Nucleic Acids (LNA)

LNA bases can be incorporated into oligos to increase probe specificity and thermal stability. LNA exhibit unprecedented thermal stabilities towards complementary DNA and RNA. The higher binding affinity of oligos containing LNA bases allows for the design and use of shorter probes in hybridization assays.

### The Gene Link Advantage

- Stringent Quality Control Measures
- Specializing in Challenging Combinations of Modifications
- Non-Radioactive Probe Alternatives
- Affinity Ligands
- All Oligo Types and Modifications Available
- Easy Online Ordering System
- Rapid Turn Around Time
- Knowledgeable Technical Support
- Personalized, Friendly Customer Service

### Oligo Modifications For Cloning, Hybridization Probes and Affinity Chromatography

Product	Price (\$)/site		
	50 nmol scale	200 nmol scale	1 µmol scale
Biotin dT, Biotin multi	220.00	220.00	310.00
5' or 3' Biotinylation	90.00	90.00	190.00
Biotin-TEG	250.00	250.00	350.00
Digoxigenin*	275.00	275.00	350.00
Alkaline Phosphatase	550.00	550.00	1200.00
Locked Nucleic Acid (LNA)	190.00	190.00	250.00
5' or 3' Phosphorylation	55.00	55.00	110.00
3' and 5' Amino Linker C3, C6, C12	55.00	55.00	110.00
Spacer C3, 9, C12, 18 & dSpacer	150.00	150.00	200.00

See website for complete listing. Please inquire about volume discounts.

\*Boehringer Mannheim/Roche holds exclusive rights to digoxigenin labeling. Digoxigenin oligo labeling is offered under license from Roche.

### Purification

The coupling efficiency of most modifications range between 80%-95% and certain modifications require special-

ized synthesis and processing protocols. All modified oligos should preferably be gel purified to obtain greater than 98% purity.

### Purification

Product	Price (\$)/purification		
	50 nmol	200 nmol	1 µmol
Gel Purification	75.00	75.00	150.00



**GOLD STANDARD**

### Take a Fresh Look

Switch to non-radioactive. Gene Link specializes in the design and synthesis of non-radioactive modifications for use as probes.

## Stock Primers & Probes

A wide array of stock adaptors, linkers and primers for sequencing, cDNA synthesis and insert amplification are available including dye-labeled primers for fluorescent detection.

Gene Link stocks various random primers, including an array of fluorescent dye-labeled primers for genetic analysis using fluorescent detection instruments.

**APPLICATION:**  
**High yield cDNA synthesis, Microarray cDNA labeling, Genetic Analysis**

### Random Primers

Random primers are a mixture of oligonucleotides representing all possible sequences for that size. Random primers of other sizes can be also used similar to using hexamers in cDNA synthesis in combination with oligo d(T) to yield more 5' end cDNA sequences.

**APPLICATION:**  
**Full length cDNA synthesis, Microarray cDNA labeling, Genetic Analysis**

### Oligo d(T) primers

Oligo d(T)<sub>12-18</sub> has conventionally been used to prime synthesis of first strand cDNA using the poly A tail to hybridize. The primer is a mixture of sizes from 12 to 18 mer. This is formulated by synthesis of individual oligos and then pooling them.

Gene Link provides various sizes of oligo d(T) and an array of fluorescent dye-labeled primers for genetic analysis using fluorescent detection instru-

ments. The C-12 amino-labeled primers are ready to be conjugated to your choice of NHS-activated ligand.

**APPLICATION:**  
**Cloned Insert Sequencing, Insert Amplification, Genetic Analysis**

### Sequencing & Amplification Primers

Various primers (e.g. T7, M13, pUC) used for sequencing and amplifying inserts from popular and common cloning vectors are available. Please visit our web site for details and complete listing.

#### Sequencing & Amplification Primers\*

Primer	Size	Price (\$)
Sequence details on web site	25 µg	35.00

\*Please visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete and individual list of primers.

**APPLICATION:**  
**Fragment Restriction Site Addition and Conversion, Cloning**

### Adaptors

Gene Link supplies adaptors, short synthetic oligonucleotide preannealed duplexes with 5' blunt end phosphorylation. These have an internal restriction endonuclease site, which is created by ligation to fragments with complementary overhangs. The duplexes have an overhang and a blunt end.

#### Adaptors\*

Adaptors	Size	Price (\$)
Sequence details on web site	20 µg	50.00

\*Please visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete and individual list of adaptors.

**APPLICATION:**  
**Introduce Restriction Sites, Site Addition and Conversion, Cloning**

### Linkers

Linkers are used for various cloning strategies to introduce restriction

#### Random Primers Unlabeled & Dye Labeled

Primer	Size	Price (\$)
Unlabeled random hexamer, heptamer, octamer, nonamer	100 µg	45.00
Unlabeled random 12, 24 & 36 mer	100 µg	50.00
5'-Phosphorylated random hexamer, heptamer, octamer, nonamer	50 µg	100.00
5'- dye labeled random hexamer, heptamer, octamer, nonamer	25 µg	150.00
5'-C-12 amino labeled random hexamer, heptamer, octamer, nonamer	25 µg	150.00
5'-Digoxigenin labeled random hexamer, heptamer, octamer, nonamer	25 µg	200.00

See complete list at [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com).

#### Oligo d(T) primers

Primer	Quantity	Price (\$)
Oligo d(T) <sub>12-18</sub>	100 µg	45.00
5'- dye labeled oligo d(T) <sub>12-18</sub> (Cy3, Cy5, Hex, Fam, Tet & Fluorescein labeled)	25 µg	150.00
5'- C-12 amino labeled oligo d(T) <sub>12-18</sub>	25 µg	150.00

See complete list at [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com).



sites into the DNA after ligation. Linkers are short synthetic palindromic sequences that self anneal to form blunt ended double-stranded fragments. Linkers are supplied in phosphorylated and non-phosphorylated forms. All Gene Link supplied linkers pass stringent quality control protocols of ligation and cleavage.

### Linkers

Linkers*	Size	Price (\$)
Non-phosphorylated	20 µg	40.00
Phosphorylated	20 µg	50.00

\*Please visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete and individual list of linkers.

**APPLICATION:**  
**Probe for RNA Quality, Northern Blots, Gene Expression**

### OligoProber™

OligoProber™ are specific oligonucleotide probes for hybridization to their cognate species. These are specially suited for use in conjunction with RT-PCRmer™, as the complementary sequence lies in the amplified sequence. The OligoProber™ can also be used for all northern blots. OligoProber™ are available for use as hybridization probes with either 5' OH for <sup>32</sup>P labeling or with 3' biotin for non-radioactive detection.

### OligoProber™

Product	Size	Price (\$)
OligoProber™, Human, Rat & Mouse beta actin, GAPDH	2 nmols	55.00

\*Please visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete and individual list of OligoProber™.

**APPLICATION:**  
**Control for RNA Quality, Northern Blots, Gene Expression**

### RT-PCRmer™

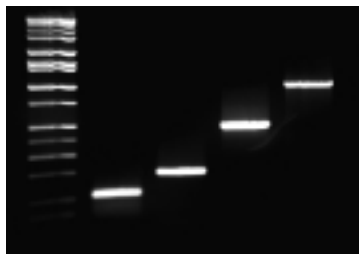
RT-PCRmer™ are primer pairs for specific amplification of cDNA. β-actin is ubiquitously expressed and serves as a positive control for northern and other expression studies. β-actin RT-PCRmer™ are generally used as con-

trols for measuring cDNA synthesis efficiency by reverse transcription and as controls for mRNA (cDNA) quantitative expression studies. β-actin RT-PCRmer™ are supplied in lyophilized powder form in aliquots of 10 nmols. The quantity supplied is sufficient for at least 400 regular 25 µl PCR reactions\* for ethidium bromide stained visualization.

### RT-PCRmer™

Product	Size	Price (\$)
RT-PCRmer™, Human, Mouse & Rat beta actin, GAPDH, B2M	10 nmols	100.00

\*Please visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete and individual list of RT-PCRmer™.



Amplification results of GAPDH RT-PCRmer™ using 50 ng of Omni-cDNA™ Human Pooled First Strand cDNA (Catalog No. 10-0100-05) as the template. The amplified fragment sizes are 109 bp, 208 bp, 505 bp and 1009 bp.

**APPLICATION:**  
**Polymorphism Studies, Gene Mapping, etc.**

### GL RAPD Decamer Sets

GL RAPD Decamer sets are arbitrary sequence decamer sets for rapid discerning of DNA polymorphism. The individual primers are constructed to have a GC content between 60-70% with no complementary ends to minimize primer dimers.

### GL RAPD Decamer Sets

Product		Price (\$)
GL RAPD Decamer	1 set	350.00
30 Sets (01-AB to 30-BGBH)		*Price/set

Details at [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com)

### The Gene Link Advantage

- A Wide Array of Stock Primers & Probes
- Adaptors & Linkers
- Optimized RT-PCRmer™ Primer Pairs
- RAPD Decamers for Polymorphic Genotyping
- Various Dye-labeled Stock Primers
- Custom Synthesis Available
- Easy Online Ordering System
- Knowledgeable Technical Support
- Personalized, Friendly Customer Service



### Custom Design Service

Gene Link routinely designs and synthesizes custom adaptors, linkers and probes.

E-mail or call for details.



# Fluorescent Molecular Primers & Probes

## UNIQUE CAPABILITIES

Gene Link's proprietary synthesis and processing methods for fluorescent dyes yield primers and probes of superior quality. Gene Link offers synthesis of various forms of molecular primers and probes.

We provide technical service in the design of novel probes and synthesize numerous combinations of dyes, quenchers, RNA, phosphorothioate, 2'-O-methyl and chimeric probes.

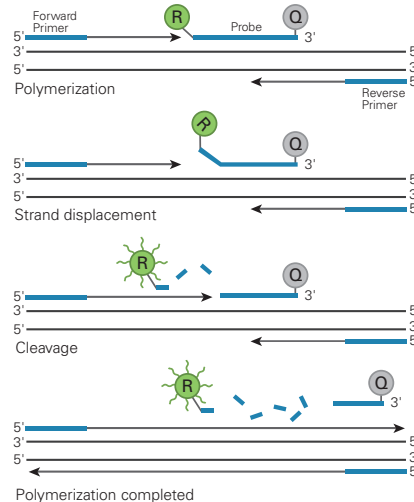
All fluorescent dye-labeled oligos are monitored for coupling efficiency. Many dye conjugations are available. Fluorescent primers are shipped in amber tubes to protect photo-sensitive primers.

### Fluorescent Primers

Fluorescent primers are extensively used for genotyping, SNP genotyping, allelic discrimination and fragment analysis. Gene Link synthesizes all types of dye labeled primers and probes.

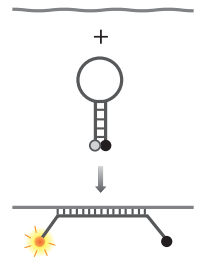
### TaqMan Probes

TaqMan (also known as Fluorogenic 5' nuclease assay) probes contain two dyes, a reporter dye (e.g. 6-FAM) at the 5' end and a 3' acceptor dye, usually TAMRA or a Black Hole Quencher.



### Molecular Beacons

Molecular Beacons synthesized by Gene Link have better than 50:1 signal to background ratio, usually in the range of 200. The purity is greater than 99% as judged by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. All dye conjugations are available. Please see our web site for complete details and specifications.



### Purification

Gene Link recommends gel purification of all modified primers and probes.

## Applications and Modifications

Application	Recommended Modifications
<b>Real-Time PCR probes, QPCR</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>C-5 methylated pyrimidine deoxynucleosides behave similar to LNA bases in imparting duplex stability.</li> <li>The use of LNA bases renders the probe greater duplex stability than the use of single MGB (minor groove binders) at the 3' end. It is an excellent substitute for TaqMan MGB probes.</li> <li>All types of fluorescent dyes and backbone modifications can be performed for <i>in situ</i> detection.</li> </ul>
<b>SNP Genotyping, Allelic Discrimination</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>LNA substituted bases impart greater specificity with higher <math>T_m</math>.</li> <li>All types of fluorescent dyes and backbone modifications can be performed.</li> <li>C-5 methylated pyrimidine deoxynucleosides behave similar to LNA bases in imparting duplex stability.</li> </ul>

## Fluorophore Absorbance and Emission Data\*

Dye	Color	Absorbance Max (nm)	Emission Max (nm)	Extinction Coefficient	Price (\$)/site	
					Probes with dye, quencher & gel purification 200 nmol scale	Dye-labeled primers 200 nmol scale
6-FAM (Fluorescein)	Green	494	525	74850	390.00	210.00
TET	Orange	521	536	85553	390.00	210.00
HEX	Pink	535	556	95698	390.00	210.00
Cy 5	Violet	646	667	250000	390.00	210.00
Cy 5.5	Blue	683	707	190000	390.00	210.00
Cy 3	Red	552	570	150000	390.00	210.00
Cy 3.5	Purple	588	604	150000	390.00	210.00
Cy 7	Near IR	743	767	200000	390.00	210.00
Tamra	Rose	565	580	87000	540.00	410.00
ROX	Purple	587	607	105000	540.00	410.00
JOE	Mustard	528	554	105000	540.00	410.00
Alexa Dye Series	Varies	Varies	Varies	Varies	540.00	410.00
Dabcyl (Quencher)		453			290.00	
BHQ-1,2,3** (Quencher)		534, 579, 672			290.00	

\*Color and fluorescence data vary with pH. Consult appropriate dye manufacturer for details.

## Purification

Product	Price (\$)/purification		
	50 nmol	200 nmol	1 $\mu$ mol
Gel Purification	75.00	75.00	150.00
Reverse Phase Cartridge	30.00	30.00	90.00

## The Gene Link Advantage

- Stringent Quality Control Measures
- All combinations of Dyes, Modifications and Quenchers Available
- Chimeric Fluorescent Molecular Probes Synthesized
- Polyacrylamide Gel Picture of Each Primer and Probe
- All Oligo Types With Dyes and Quenchers Synthesized
- Easy Online Ordering System
- Shipped in Amber Tubes to Prevent Photo-bleaching
- Knowledgeable Technical Support
- Personalized, Friendly Customer Service

**GOLD STANDARD**

## Expert Design Assistance

Gene Link routinely assists customers in designing novel probes with unique properties. Contact us if you require assistance.



# RNA Interference

## RNAi EXPLORER

RNAi Explorer™ from Gene Link is a series of products and services to aid researchers in exploring RNA interference. The online search and design tools for siRNA or shRNA are developed based on current known guidelines.

You are encouraged to try the robust search and design algorithm.

### Guaranteed RNAi Explorer™ Kit

3+1 siRNAs and a detection probe. You simply supply the accession number or sequence for the gene to down regulate. Gene Link designs

siRNAs using the latest published criteria and proprietary algorithms.

This kit contains three target siRNAs, a negative control and a detection probe of your choice OR 6 custom oligos.

**Gene Link siRNA Explorer - Results Page** Page 1 of 1

**GUARANTEED RNAi EXPLORER™ KIT**

**ORDER SPECIFICATIONS**

Customer Name: Alyson Rodgers Order Number: 13888  
 Gene Link Customer Number: 13888A Order: RNAi 1/15/2004  
 Lab: 13888C

Gene ID: 374241 Gene Name: Hsa  
 Gene Path: 2070 Accession No: NM\_214331  
 Organism: Homo sapiens CDF Region: 228\_346  
 Definition: hsa Protein ID: N/A

The siRNA oligos are designed using the latest algorithms and synthesized using the most reliable standard RNA synthesis chemistry. The siRNA oligos are:  
 1. 3 siRNA duplexes: 60 mers each of 21+2-21 nt with 3' overhangs. Supplied lyophilized, ready to dissolve and use. Please see order report for sequence information.  
 2. 1 negative control non-targeting siRNA, 21-mer 5' GC.  
 3. Choice of detection probe or custom oligos if requested at time of order.

**1. FRN3L (344)**

siRNA 5'- AGCCACACAGGAGGAGCCG -3' -13  
 Sense 5'- AGCCACACAGGAGGAGCCG -13  
 AS 3'- TTCCGACGCGGACGACCCG -15

**2. FRN3L (352)**

siRNA 5'- GCGACGCGCTTGAAGCC -13  
 Sense 5'- GCGACGCGCTTGAAGCC -13  
 AS 3'- TTCCGACGCGGACGACCCG -15

**3. FRN3L (361)**

siRNA 5'- GCGACGCGGACGACCCG -13  
 Sense 5'- GCGACGCGGACGACCCG -13  
 AS 3'- TTCCGACGCGGACGACCCG -15

Guarantee: Gene Link guarantees a minimum of 70% silencing of your gene with at least one of the siRNA supplied. Gene Link will synthesize another set of 3 siRNA. Furthermore it is provided that none of the provided siRNA was functional in achieving a minimum of 70% silencing.

Gene Link™ Old Saw Mill River Road, Hawthorne, NY 10532  
 914-769-1182 www.genelink.com Fax: 914-769-1193  
<http://www.genelink.com/siRNA/siRNAReport.asp> 3/23/2004

### Guaranteed RNAi Explorer™ Kit\*

Components	Unlabeled Price (\$)	Fluorescein Labeled Price (\$)
3 Target siRNAs (10 nmols each), 1 negative control siRNA (5 nmols unlabeled and 2 nmols fluorescein labeled) 1 QPCR probe (5 nmols) or 6 primers (50 nmol scale, up to 30 mer)	995.00	1250.00

\*Guarantee: Gene Link guarantees a minimum of 70% silencing of your gene with at least one of the siRNA supplied. Gene Link will synthesize another set of 3 siRNA if evidence is provided that none of the provided siRNAs were functional in achieving a minimum of 70% silencing.

### siRNA Explorer™

siRNA Explorer™ is an online tool for automated search and design of siRNAs. The search can be initiated by either entering the accession number, gene ID, uploading a sequence file or by pasting a

sequence in the sequence window.

Several criteria options are provided for customer optimization. Custom siRNAs designed online can be conveniently ordered. These are supplied duplexed and lyophilized.

### siRNA (duplexed)

Synthesis Scale	Desalted Price (\$)	RPC Purified Price (\$)	Gel Purified Price (\$)
20 nmol Synthesis Scale	230.00	325.00	410.00
50 nmol Synthesis Scale	320.00	380.00	480.00
200 nmol Synthesis Scale	380.00	470.00	570.00
1 μmol Synthesis Scale	800.00	900.00	955.00

## shRNA

An alternate to individual chemical synthesis of siRNA is to construct a sequence for insertion in an expression vector. Several such transcription vectors are available. Typical

shRNA design consists of two inverted repeats containing the sense and antisense target sequences separated by a loop sequence. Gene Link offers easy online design of shRNA. Visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for details.

### shRNA

Synthesis Scale	Desalted Price (\$)/base	Purification (\$)
200 nmol	2.00	75.00
1 $\mu$ mol	3.75	150.00

## Controls for RNAi experiments

A negative control should also be included when performing siRNA experiments to eliminate the possibility of nonspecific silencing effects. For this purpose, Gene Link provides a

siRNA sequence that has been shown to have no effect on gene silencing. The negative control siRNA is also available labeled with fluorescein, which allows transfection efficiency to be tracked by fluorescent microscopy.

### Control siRNA Duplexes

Product	Catalog No.	Size	Price (\$)
Negative Control, non-silencing	27-6410-05	5 nmols	295.00
Human Vimentin; NM_003380	27-6412-05	5 nmols	295.00
Human Beta Actin; NM_001101	27-6413-05	5 nmols	295.00
Mouse Beta Tubulin; AF312873	27-6414-05	5 nmols	295.00
Rat Chromogranin-A; NM_021655	27-6415-05	5 nmols	295.00
<b>Fluorescein Labeled Controls</b>			
Negative Control, non-silencing	27-6410-02FL	2 nmols	295.00
Human Vimentin; NM_003380	27-6412-02FL	2 nmols	295.00
Human Beta Actin; NM_001101	27-6413-02FL	2 nmols	295.00
Mouse Beta Tubulin; AF312873	27-6414-02FL	2 nmols	295.00
Rat Chromogranin-A; NM_021655	27-6415-02FL	2 nmols	295.00

#### \*RNAi and siRNA

RNA interference (RNAi) is a specific and sequence dependent targeted gene silencing activity. RNAi acts by post transcriptional degradation of mRNA by small interfering RNAs (siRNAs) of the same sequence. The silencing approaches 100% and has to be empirically determined and optimized. Not every siRNA can effectively down regulate a gene. The process of RNA interference varies by individual siRNA while some do not exhibit any interference at all.

### Handling & Storage

Follow established stringent RNase free handling conditions. The lyophilized siRNA duplex should be stored immediately at -20°C. The lyophilized siRNA is stable for ~6 months at -20°C.

## The Gene Link Advantage

- Guaranteed RNAi Explorer™ Kit Knocks Out Your Gene of interest!
- All Modifications Available
- Robust Online siRNA Design and Analysis Tool
- Easy Online Ordering System
- Negative and Positive Dye-labeled Silencing Controls
- Knowledgeable Technical Support
- Personalized, Friendly Customer Service

**GOLD STANDARD**

## Gene Link siRNA Design Service

No charge siRNA design service. A wealth of professional expertise and robust design algorithms guarantee to silence your gene of interest.



## Genetic Tools and Reagents

### FACILE AND RAPID PURIFICATION AND CONCENTRATION OF DNA

Gene Link offers a variety of DNA and RNA purification and concentration systems. Each system has been optimized for reproducible and consistent results, yielding ultra high quality DNA and RNA suitable for all molecular biology applications.

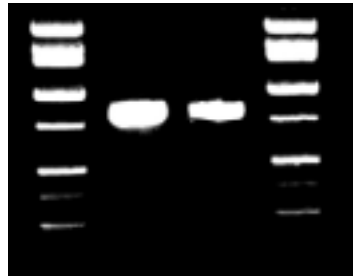
#### The Omni-Clean™ System

Purification of DNA from agarose gels and concentration of DNA by ethanol precipitation are routine protocols used in all molecular biology laboratories. The Omni-Clean™ system provides optimized reagents for rapid extraction of DNA from agarose gels, and for routine concentration of DNA. The DNA is concentrated, purified and completely salt-free.

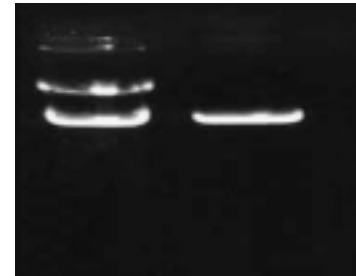
#### APPLICATION Purification of DNA fragments excised from agarose gels Omni-Clean™ DNA Purification System

The Omni-Clean™ DNA Purification System takes advantage of the principle that DNA binds to powdered

flint glass in the presence of chaotropic salts. This technique provides a rapid and efficient method for the purification of high quality DNA from solutions or agarose gel slices, and is suitable for cloning, sequencing, isotope labeling, and a host of other procedures.



Lanes 2 and 3 are fragments excised from agarose gel and purified using the Omni-Clean™ column based purification system.



Lane 1 is plasmid extracted using Omni-Pure™ plasmid purification system. Lane 2 is the lower fragment gel purified using the Omni-Clean™ gel glass bead based purification system.

#### Omni-Clean™ Gel DNA Purification Systems

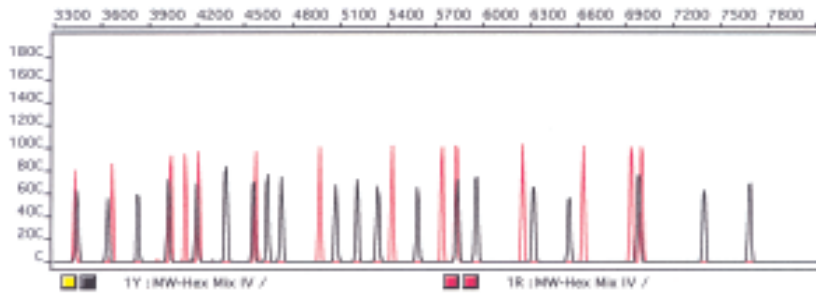
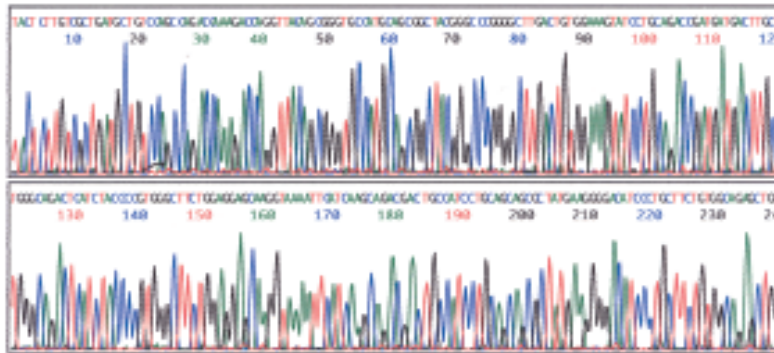
Product	Catalog No.	Size*	Price (\$)
Omni-Clean™ Gel DNA Beads Purification System	40-4110-10	100	95.00
Omni-Clean™ Gel DNA Beads Purification System	40-4110-50	500	380.00
Omni-Clean™ Gel DNA Spin Column Purification System	40-4120-10	100	110.00
Omni-Clean™ Gel DNA Spin Column Purification System	40-4120-50	500	440.00

\*Sample volume for each purification system varies. Each purification yields sufficient quantity for desired applications.

**APPLICATION:**  
**Concentration and Cleanup  
of DNA in solution**

The Omni-Clean™ DNA Concentration System yields higher quality DNA than with conventional ethanol precipitation. The samples

are completely desalted, purified and concentrated. It is ideal for sequencing and genotyping samples with stringent purity requirements. The electropherogram shows samples purified using the Omni-Clean™ system.



**Omni-Clean™ Gel DNA Concentration Systems**

Product	Catalog No.	Size*	Price (\$)
Omni-Clean™ DNA Beads Concentration System	40-4130-10	100	95.00
Omni-Clean™ DNA Beads Concentration System	40-4130-50	500	380.00
Omni-Clean™ DNA Spin Column Concentration System	40-4140-10	100	110.00
Omni-Clean™ DNA Spin Column Concentration System	40-4140-50	500	440.00

\*Sample volume for each purification system varies. Each purification yields sufficient quantity for desired applications.

**Omni-Clean™ System**

- Ultra Purified DNA in Less Than 20 minutes
- No Hazardous Reagents
- Suitable for All Molecular Biology Applications
- No More Ethanol Precipitations
- DNA Purification, Concentration and Desalting from Agarose Gel Slices Using Beads or Spin Columns



**Ultra Pure Templates**

Automated sequencing and genotyping requires high quality template DNA. The Omni-Clean™ system is the method of choice to reproducibly yield ultra high quality DNA.

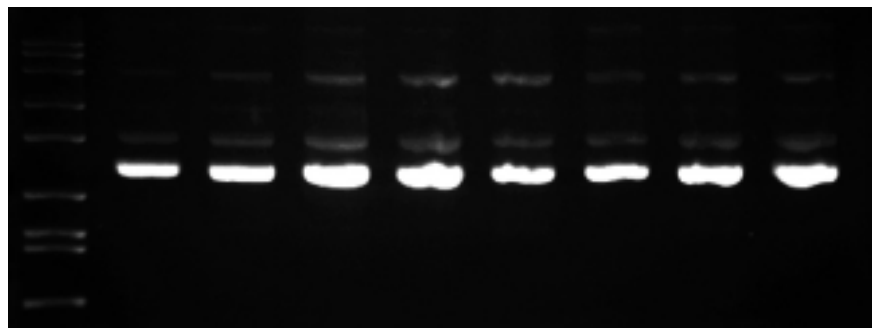
**Facile and Rapid Extraction and Purification of DNA**

Facile and rapid purification of DNA from varied sources can be performed using the Omni-Pure™ series of DNA, RNA and plasmid purification systems. Each purification system has been formulated, optimized and designed to yield the highest purity available with the starting sample volume specially geared towards the desired downstream application.

**APPLICATION: Mini-Prep Plasmid DNA Purification**

Routine mini-preps of plasmid extraction are made even easier with consistent performance. Purification can be performed with a maximum of 3 ml of cells yielding up to 20 µg of

purified DNA. The convenient spin column method can be scaled up by using multiple columns and processed in less than 30 minutes. The purified DNA is of high quality suitable for all molecular biology applications including direct use in fluorescent automated sequencing methods.



Replicates of plasmid purification using the Omni-Pure™ Plasmid DNA Purification System.

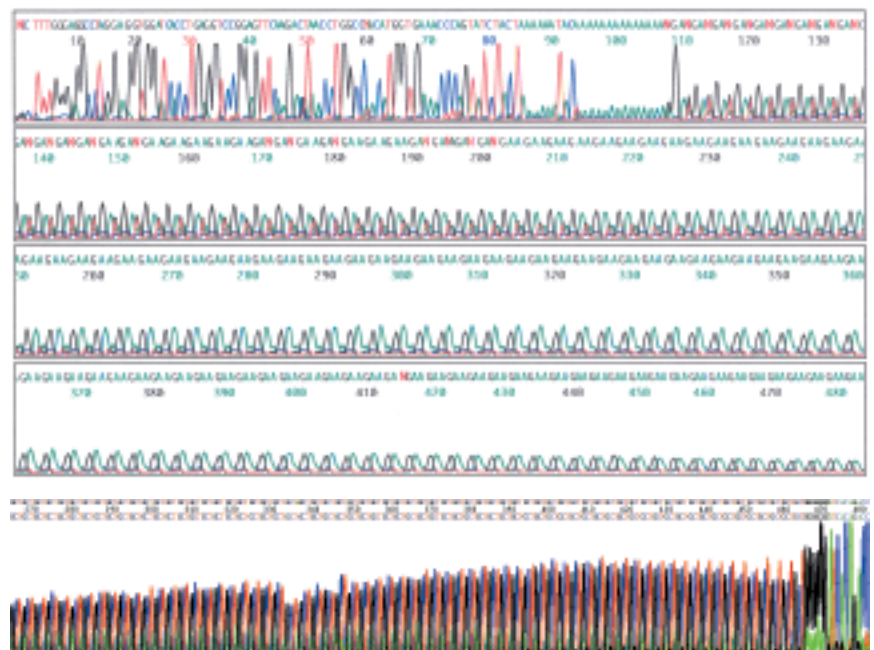
**Omni-Pure™ Plasmid DNA Purification Systems**

Product	Catalog No.	Size*	Price (\$)
Omni-Pure™ Plasmid DNA Purification System	40-4020-01	100	95.00
Omni-Pure™ Plasmid DNA Purification System	40-4020-05	500	380.00

\*Sample volume for each purification system varies. Each purification yields sufficient quantity for desired applications.

Friedreich's Ataxia Control DNA with 110 GAA repeats (top) and Myotonic Dystrophy Control DNA with 129 CTG repeats (bottom) sequencing electropherograms. These triple repeat sequencing requires ultra clean DNA.

Plasmids were purified using the Omni-Pure™ system and processed for automated sequencing.





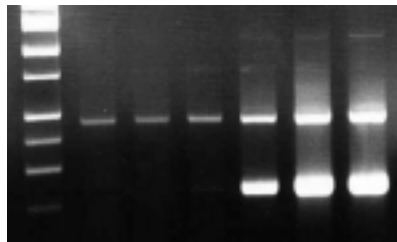
**APPLICATION:**

**Viral DNA & RNA Purification**

Gene Link provides a rapid purification system for extraction of viral DNA or RNA from human bodily fluids including blood. Viral DNA or RNA is captured on a special membrane and then eluted in a low volume for direct use in qualitative and quantitative amplification protocols for detection of a pathogen.

The Viral RNA purification system is ideal for small volumes of human bodily fluid samples, i.e., serum, plasma and CSF. Using the easy spin column format, purification of HIV, HCV

and other RNA viruses is easily accomplished in less than 30 minutes and ready for RT-PCR amplification.



Viral DNA purification and amplification using zero, 1, 10 & 100 ng of template DNA. The top fragment is an internal control from human genomic DNA.

**Omni-Pure™ Viral DNA & RNA Purification Systems**

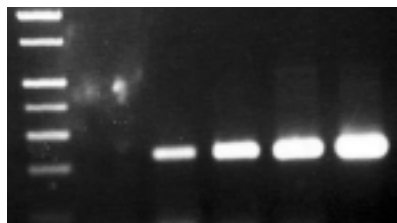
Product	Catalog No.	Size*	Price (\$)
Omni-Pure™ Viral DNA Purification System	40-3720-01	100	175.00
Omni-Pure™ Viral DNA Purification System	40-3720-05	500	700.00
Omni-Pure™ Viral RNA Purification System	40-3650-01	100	175.00
Omni-Pure™ Viral RNA Purification System	40-3650-05	500	700.00

\*Sample volume for each purification system varies. Each purification yields sufficient quantity for desired applications.

**APPLICATION:**

**Microbial DNA Purification**

The microbial DNA purification system is ideal for DNA purification of pathogen DNA in the easy spin column format. Purification from sputum and other bodily fluids is rapidly performed using this system. The pathogen DNA can be directly used in qualitative and quantitative amplification protocols for detection of a pathogen.



Microbial DNA purification followed by amplification of a specific fragment using zero, 10, 20, 50 & 100 ng of template DNA.

**Omni-Pure™ Microbial DNA Purification Systems**

Product	Catalog No.	Size*	Price (\$)
Omni-Pure™ Microbial DNA Purification System	40-3700-01	100	175.00
Omni-Pure™ Microbial DNA Purification System	40-3700-05	500	700.00

\*Sample volume for each purification system varies. Each purification yields sufficient quantity for desired applications.

**Omni-Pure™ System**

- Ultra Purified High Yield Plasmid DNA
- No Toxic Reagents
- Rapid Purification Protocols
- Suitable for All Molecular Biology Applications
- Convenient Optimized Reagents
- Easy Spin Column Format
- Genomic DNA Purification
- Viral DNA & RNA Purification
- Microbial DNA Purification



**Pathogen Detection Made Easy**

Purification of pathogen DNA or RNA is performed conveniently using the Omni-Pure™ system. The purified DNA or RNA can immediately be used for qualitative or quantitative detection.

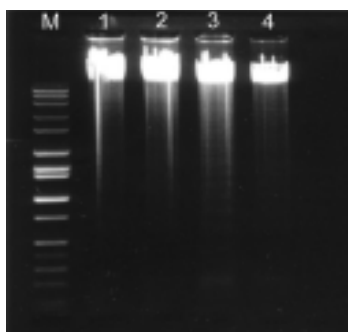
See Gene Link's product line of Gene Detection Systems.

## The Omni-Pure™ Genomic DNA Purification System

### Facile and Rapid Extraction and Purification of Genomic DNA

The Omni-Pure™ Genomic DNA purification system is designed for a convenient volume of 300 µl whole blood (lower volumes can also be used) to yield an average of ~10 µg ultra pure DNA. This quantity is sufficient for restriction-based Southern blot analysis and hundreds of PCR-based analyses.

The Omni-Pure™ Genomic DNA purification system is designed for convenience and consistency. It is a universal genomic DNA purification system. Ultra pure genomic DNA can be purified from small amounts of almost all known sample types and sources. Samples from human blood, bodily fluids, animal and plant tissue and microbial and viral sources have been purified using the Omni-Pure™ Genomic DNA purification system. One purification is usually sufficient to yield enough DNA for all molecular biology applications.



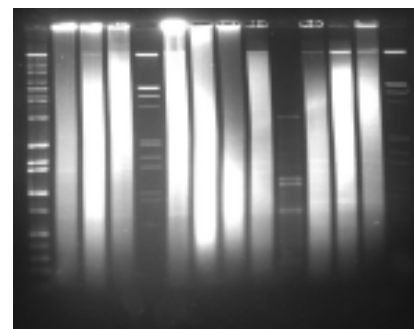
Purified genomic DNA (~200 ng) was electrophoresed on a 0.8% agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide. Observe high quality genomic DNA that ranges from ~30 to 50 kb in size. Lane M contains molecular weight markers from 10 kb to 50 bp in length. Lanes 1-4 are genomic DNA samples obtained from blood samples of 4 different individuals using the Omni-Pure™ system.

### APPLICATION: Tissue DNA Purification

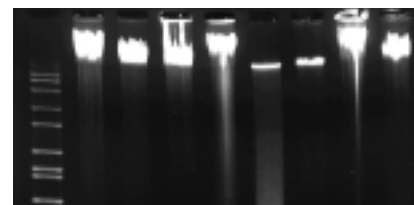
An accompanying product manual contains a detailed protocol for the purification of genomic DNA from animal tissue. The protocol has been tested and yields high quality DNA. The gel picture shows genomic DNA extracted from mouse and rat skeletal muscle and liver. This system is geared towards minute tissue samples. From 2 mg of tissue an average yield of 2-10 µg is expected. The DNA is suitable for all molecular biology applications.

### APPLICATION: Blood DNA Purification

Each purification sample volume is specially geared towards the desired downstream application. A sample volume of 300 µl is recommended for human blood samples yielding on average from 5–15 µg of high molecular weight and high quality genomic DNA for two restriction digestions for Southern blot analysis. The yield is sufficient for hundreds of PCR amplification reactions. An accompanying product manual contains a detailed protocol for the extraction of genomic DNA from tissues and bodily fluids.



Human blood genomic DNA from different individuals purified using the Omni-Pure™ Genomic DNA Purification System. Approximately 5 µg were digested with different restriction enzymes and the samples were electrophoresed on a 0.7% agarose gel. Note the high molecular weight DNA and the consistency between different samples. The gel was processed for Southern blot analysis and chemiluminescent detection.



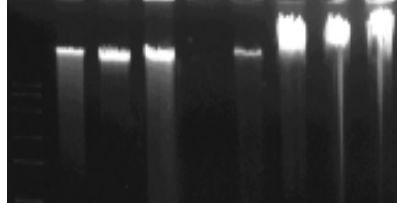
Samples from various animals were processed for DNA purification using the Omni-Pure™ Genomic DNA Purification System. Purified genomic DNA (~200 ng) was electrophoresed on a 0.7% agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide. Observe high quality genomic DNA that ranges from ~30 to 50 kb in size. Lane 1 contains molecular weight markers followed by samples from human, rabbit, cat, mouse, guinea pig, sheep, pig and hamster.



**APPLICATION:**

**Plant DNA Purification**

An accompanying product manual contains a detailed protocol for the purification of genomic DNA from plant tissue. The protocol has been tested and yields high quality DNA. The gel picture shows genomic DNA extracted from plants such as ginger, green pepper, cilantro and carrot. This system is geared towards minute tissue samples. From 2 mg of tissue an average yield of 2-10 µg is expected. The DNA is suitable for all molecular biology applications.



Samples from various plant tissues were processed for DNA purification using the Omni-Pure™ Plant DNA Purification System. Purified genomic DNA (~200 ng) was electrophoresed on a 0.7% agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide. Observe high quality genomic DNA that ranges from ~30 to 50 kb in size. Lane 1 contains molecular weight markers followed by plant samples from ginger, green pepper, cilantro, blank lane, carrot and animal genomic DNA comparison samples from human, mouse and pig.

**The Omni-Pure™ Genomic DNA Purification System**

- Ultra Purified Genomic DNA
- No Toxic Reagents
- ~30 Minute Protocols
- Blood & Bodily Fluid Genomic DNA
- Animal Tissue Genomic DNA
- Plant Tissue Purification
- Yeast DNA Purification
- Gram Positive & Negative Bacterial DNA
- Suitable for All Molecular Biology Applications
- Convenient Optimized Systems
- Detailed Manual Provided with Product

**Omni-Pure™ Genomic DNA Purification Systems**

Product	Catalog No.	Size*	Price (\$)
Omni-Pure™ Blood DNA Purification System	40-4010-01	100	80.00
Omni-Pure™ Blood DNA Purification System	40-4010-05	500	320.00
Omni-Pure™ Blood DNA Purification System	40-4010-10	1000	495.00
Omni-Pure™ Tissue DNA Purification System	40-4050-01	100	85.00
Omni-Pure™ Tissue DNA Purification System	40-4050-05	500	340.00
Omni-Pure™ Tissue DNA Purification System	40-4050-10	1000	510.00
Omni-Pure™ Plant DNA Purification System	40-4060-01	100	85.00
Omni-Pure™ Plant DNA Purification System	40-4060-05	500	340.00
Omni-Pure™ Plant DNA Purification System	40-4060-10	1000	510.00
Omni-Pure™ Universal DNA Purification System	40-4070-01	100	110.00
Omni-Pure™ Universal DNA Purification System	40-4070-05	500	440.00
Omni-Pure™ Universal DNA Purification System	40-4070-10	1000	660.00

\*Sample volume for each purification system varies. Each purification yields sufficient quantity for desired applications.

**Are You Genotyping?**

Consider using Gene Link's comprehensive line of non-radioactive gene detection systems. We have genotyping solutions for triple repeat disorders, single base mutations and various pathogens.

**GOLD STANDARD**

**Convenience Perfected**

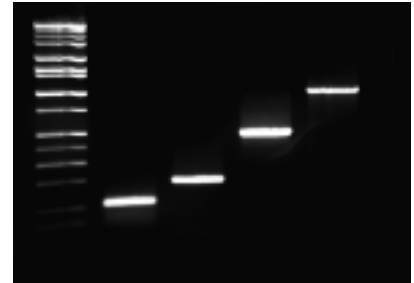
All of the reagents, a simple 30 minute protocol and ultra pure genomic DNA for all your gene detection applications. Get one today!

## Omni-cDNA™ First Strand cDNA

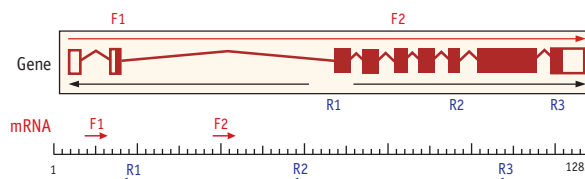
First strand cDNA is useful for amplifying a particular cDNA using PCR. Gene Link provides a convenient source of high quality first strand cDNA prepared from freshly obtained tissue and appropriately frozen during transportation.

### APPLICATION: RT-PCR, cDNA amplification, cloning, tissue-specific gene expression, etc.

Tissue-specific individual first strand cDNA is available from Gene Link. These are of high quality and lot tested for amplification of  $\beta$ -actin and/or GAPDH cDNA fragments up to 1.1 kb in length.



Amplification was performed using 50 ng of Omni-cDNA™ Human Pooled First Strand cDNA (Catalog No. 10-0100-05) as the template. A 10  $\mu$ l aliquot of the amplified fragment was loaded on a 1% agarose gel. The amplified fragment sizes obtained with the RT-PCRmer™ primer pair used are as follows:  
lane 2, F1/R1 = 109 bp;  
lane 3, F2/R2 = 208 bp;  
lane 4, F1/R2 = 505 bp and  
lane 5, F1/R3 = 1009 bp.



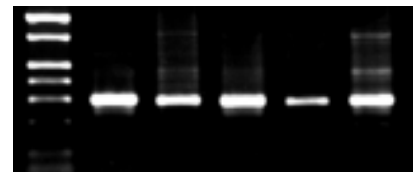
GAPDH gene and mRNA sequences showing the position of different primers. The primers (RT-PCRmer™) were constructed to assess the quality of Gene Link Omni-cDNA™ first strand cDNA. Full length and near full length cDNA will amplify the 1.1 kb cDNA fragment signifying high quality. All Omni-cDNA™ lots undergo this qualification.

### APPLICATION: RT-PCR, cDNA cloning, etc.

The first strand cDNA has been prepared from pooled and or amplified mRNA obtained from different tissues. These are not from cultured cell lines. The assortment of tissues vary, including

lung, heart, brain, spleen, skeletal muscle, smooth muscle, ovaries, pancreas, liver and kidney. The amount supplied is sufficient for at least 50 amplifications. Each lot is tested for amplification of  $\beta$ -actin cDNA.

Omni-cDNA™ pooled first strand size distribution is from ~5 kb to 200 bp. These can also be used for cloning mRNA of interest by RT-PCR. A 1.3 kb and a ~500 bp amplified cDNA fragment of p53 is shown in the figure.



An amplified fragment of 289 bp. Lane 1 is molecular weight markers. Lanes 2-6 are  $\beta$ -actin control PCR products from brain, liver, intestine, skeletal muscle and spleen.

### First Strand Pooled cDNA

Product	Catalog No.	Size	Price (\$)
Omni-cDNA™ Human First Strand Pooled cDNA	10-0100-05	5 $\mu$ g	425.00
Omni-cDNA™ Mouse First Strand Pooled cDNA	10-0200-05	5 $\mu$ g	425.00
Omni-cDNA™ Rat First Strand Pooled cDNA	10-0300-05	5 $\mu$ g	425.00
Omni-cDNA™ Guinea Pig First Strand Pooled cDNA	10-2100-05	5 $\mu$ g	425.00

### First Strand cDNA

Product	Catalog No.	Size	Price (\$)
Guinea pig first strand cDNA; Various tissues; Brain, Heart, Liver, Kidney, etc.	10-21XX-05	5 $\mu$ g	425.00

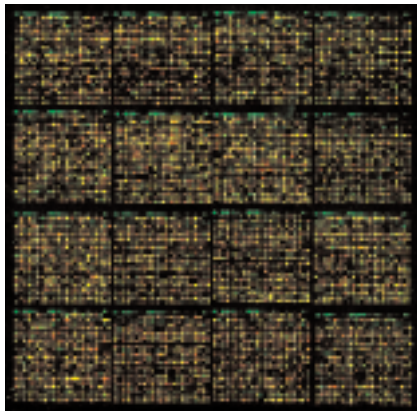
Various animal and plant tissue first strand cDNAs available. Visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete listing.



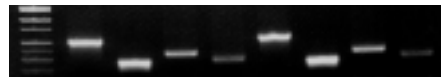
**Omni-mRNA™ Pooled Reference mRNA**

**APPLICATION:**  
**Microarray reference mRNA, RT-PCR, cloning, cDNA amplification**

Omni-mRNA™ pooled reference mRNA is compatible with all commercially available labeling systems. Other applications of pooled reference mRNA include RNA ELISA, Quantigene, HPSA, and a number of other RNA amplification/detection systems.



Omni-mRNA™ pooled reference mRNA size distribution is from ~5 kb to 200 bp. These can also be used for cloning mRNA of interest by RT-PCR. A 1.3 kb and a ~500 bp amplified cDNA fragment of p53 are shown in the figure.



Human and Mouse Omni-mRNA™ Amplified Pooled Reference mRNA (Catalog No. 08-0100-50 and 08-0200-50) was used for synthesis of First Strand cDNA (Catalog No. 10-0100-05 and 10-0300-05) and used as a template for amplification of rare and abundant messages. PCR products generated from Human Omni-cDNA™ (lanes 2-5) and Mouse Omni-cDNA™ (lanes 6-9). Individual lanes correspond to the following products; lanes 2 & 6 = GAPDH (~500 bp); lanes 3 & 4 = granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF) (~250 bp); lanes 4 & 7 = tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-α) (~325 bp); lanes 5 & 8 = Interleukin-1 receptor alpha (IL-1R α) (~300 bp). Lane 1 = molecular weight markers (200 bp-1500 bp).

**Omni-mRNA™ Amplified Pooled Reference mRNA**

Product	Catalog No.	Size*	Price (\$)
Human Omni-mRNA™ Amplified Pooled Reference mRNA	08-0100-25	25 µg	395.00
Mouse Omni-mRNA™ Amplified Pooled Reference mRNA	08-0200-25	25 µg	395.00
Rat Omni-mRNA™ Amplified Pooled Reference mRNA	08-0300-25	25 µg	395.00
Guinea Pig Omni-mRNA™ Amplified Pooled Reference mRNA	08-2100-25	25 µg	395.00

\*Quantity supplied is sufficient for direct hybridization of 20 microarrays.

**Omni-cDNA™ First Strand cDNA**

- Near Full-length First Strand cDNA
- Average Size 500 bp to 5 kb
- Convenient Amplification Source of a cDNA Fragment
- Each Lot Tested for β-actin cDNA and Primer Set Provided
- Tissue-specific Expression Studies

**Omni-mRNA™ Pooled Reference mRNA**

- Full-length and Near Full-length
- Reference Source of mRNA for Microarray
- Compatible with Other Labeling Systems
- Reference mRNA Among Different Research Groups



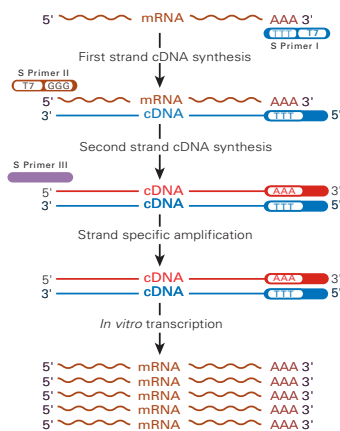
**Get the Complete Message and More**

We got it, so you can get it. Gene Link's Omni-cDNA™ and Omni-mRNA™ are your sources for high quality mRNA and cDNA for all your needs.

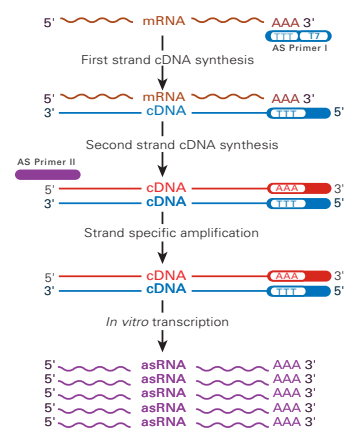
## Omni-Array™ mRNA Amplification System

A universal method that performs global mRNA amplification, while maintaining the relative proportions comparable to the original sample is the Omni-Array™ mRNA amplification system. This system is compatible with all labeling and detection systems. Samples which were previously thought to be too small for microarray or other genome wide study can now be amplified using the Omni-Array™ mRNA amplification system.

### Sense Strand Synthesis



### Anti-Sense Strand Synthesis



#### APPLICATION:

**Microarray labeling, global mRNA amplification, cDNA synthesis, RT-PCR, cloning etc.**

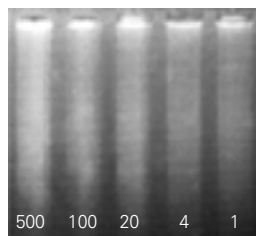
#### Omni-Array™ mRNA Amplification system

The Omni-Array™ mRNA amplification system provides a rapid and simple procedure for the generation of sufficient amounts of high quality sense or antisense strand RNA using nanogram quantities of starting RNA. The Omni-Array™ Amplification System is especially suited when the availability of total RNA becomes the

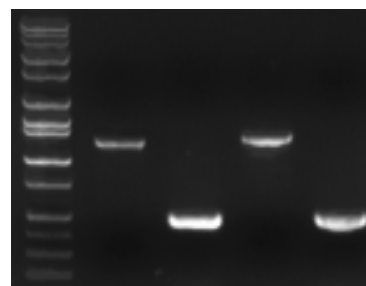
limiting factor in performing certain experimental procedures.

#### System Format

The system contains enough reagents for 5 two round or 10 single round amplifications. Consistent results are obtained with 100 ng total RNA for single round amplification and with 2 ng total RNA for two round amplification. The final yield of mRNA is enough for labeling at least 2 microarrays. A single round of amplification results in 100-1000-fold amplification of the entire mRNA population from the sample.



One Round Amplification;  
2 ng total RNA amplified



p53 cDNA amplification from human Omni-mRNA™ pooled reference mRNA. Lane 1, mw markers; lanes 2 and 4, ~1.3 kb 5' end fragment of p53; lanes 3 and 5, ~500 bp of middle portion of p53. Lanes 2-3 and 4-5 represent reproducible different preps.

#### Omni-Array™ mRNA Amplification Systems

Product	Catalog No.	Size	Price (\$)
Omni-Array™ Sense strand mRNA Amplification System, 2 ng Version	08-0011-02	10 rxns	495.00
Omni-Array™ Antisense strand mRNA Amplification System, 2 ng Version	08-0021-02	10 rxns	495.00



## Omni-Marker™ Unlabeled DNA Molecular Weight Markers

### Omni-Marker™

Universal and Low unlabeled DNA markers contain a blend of fragments ranging from 50 base pairs to 10 kb. The universal contains fragments of the following sizes; 10 kb, 8 kb, 6 kb,

4 kb, 3 kb, 2 kb, 1.55 kb, 1.4 kb, 1 kb, 750 bp, 500 bp, and 400 bp. The "low" version contains fragments from 50 bp to 2 kb. The low Omni-Marker™ is ideal for routine PCR gels. A loading of 5 µl is sufficient per lane.

### Molecular Weight Markers

Product	Catalog No.	Size	Price (\$)
Omni-Marker™ Universal unlabeled	40-3005-01	100 µl	15.00
Omni-Marker™ Universal unlabeled	40-3005-05	500 µl	50.00
Omni-Marker™ Universal unlabeled	40-3005-10	1 ml	90.00
Omni-Marker™ Low unlabeled	40-3006-01	100 µl	15.00
Omni-Marker™ Low unlabeled	40-3006-05	500 µl	50.00
Omni-Marker™ Low unlabeled	40-3006-10	1 ml	90.00

\*Shipped at room temperature. Store at -20°C. \*\* Normal recommended loading per lane is 5 µl.

## GScan™ Fluorescent Dye-labeled Molecular Weight Markers

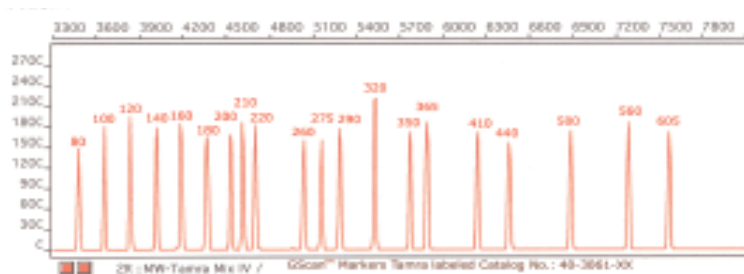
### APPLICATION:

#### Genetic Analyzer Fluorescent Polymorphism Studies

Genetic analysis of microsatellites, SNP, allelic discrimination, polymorphic fragment analysis and triple repeat amplification with fluorescent dyes require the parallel co-migration

of appropriate molecular weight markers for accurate determination of fragment size.

GScan markers have been especially developed for the above applications. These are supplied ready to load and provide highly consistent fragment sizing.



### GScan™ Dye-labeled Markers

Product	Catalog No.	Size	Price (\$)
GScan™ Marker Tamra labeled 50 bp - 600 bp	40-3061-01	100 µl	75.00
GScan™ Marker Tamra labeled 50 bp - 600 bp	40-3061-05	500 µl	325.00
GScan™ Marker Hex labeled 50 bp - 600 bp	40-3081-01	100 µl	75.00
GScan™ Marker Hex labeled 50 bp - 600 bp	40-3081-05	500 µl	325.00

\*A loading of 0.5 µl is suggested.

### Omni-Array™ mRNA Amplification System

- As Low as 2 ng Amplification
- Amplified mRNA Suitable for Microarray, cDNA Synthesis, RT-PCR, Cloning, etc.
- Two Round Amplification From 2 ng Generates More Than 10 µg RNA
- Full-Length and Near Full-length Amplification

### GScan™ Markers

- Precise & High Resolution Fragment Sizing
- Consistent and Reproducible
- Sharp Sensitive Peaks
- Available with Tamra and Hex Dyes
- Ready to Load



### Not Enough mRNA?

There is no barrier, as low as 2 ng, repeat, two nanograms; is sufficient to amplify and yield 10 micrograms of mRNA. Advance to the Omni-Array™ Amplification System.



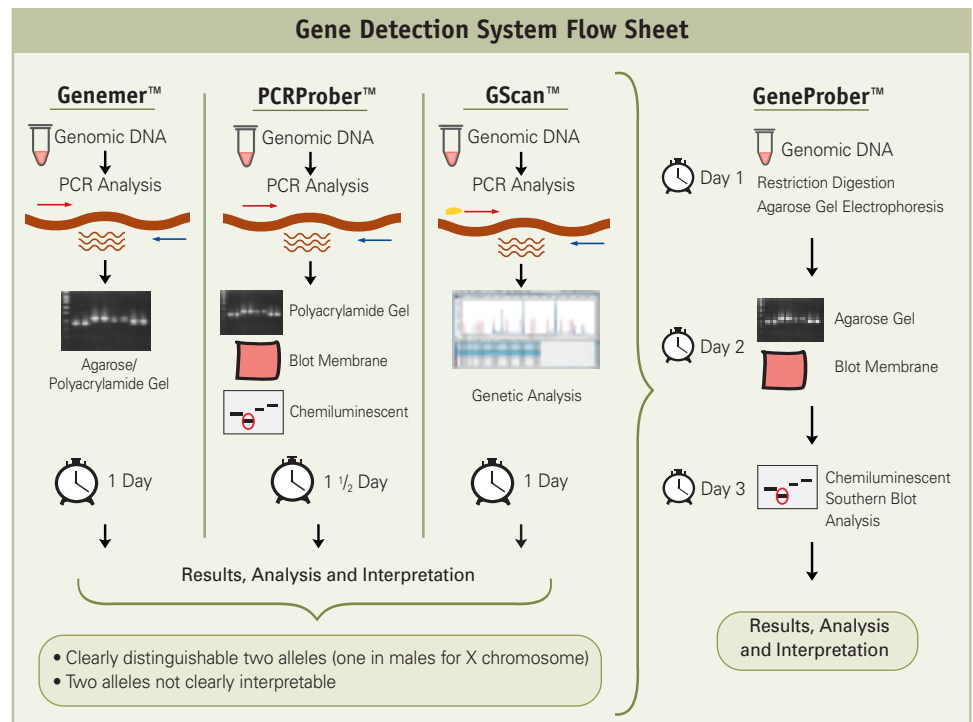
# Gene Detection Systems

Gene Link is the leader in triple repeat disorder genotyping using non-radioactive based methods. We have more than a decade of expertise and have developed facile non-radioactive detection methods for safe, sensitive and reliable genotyping of human genetic disorders. Take a look at the simple agarose and polyacrylamide gel based systems, the chemiluminescent Southern blot detection methods and the fluorescent systems for genotyping of triple repeat disorders.

The molecular basis of genetic disorders is as varied as clinical genetics itself. The molecular etiology of disorders may be fundamentally straightforward, such as in Sickle cell disease, as compared to a whole new class of diseases where anticipation is involved with apparently increasing disease severity in successive generations. Addressing the etiology and molecular diagnosis of the more complex disorders that involve anticipation (i.e., Fragile X syndrome, Myotonic dystrophy, and Huntington's disease) is often challenging.

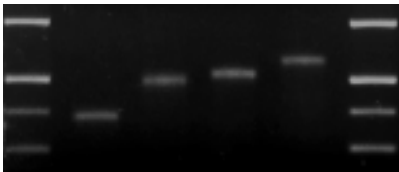
This product profile of Gene Link's current gene detection product line spotlights non-radioactive detection products as well as conventional radioactive based methods for genotyping the challenging triple repeat

disorders as well as single base mutations and various pathogens. Control DNA fragments with varying number of triple repeats, single base mutations and pathogen control DNA fragments are also available.



## Genemer™

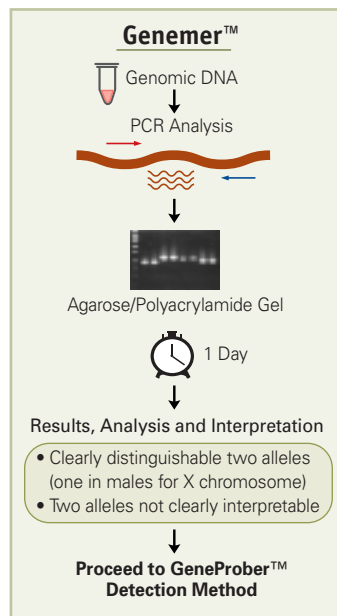
Genemer™ are optimized primer pairs for amplification of the gene fragment of interest, particularly those spanning a mutation. A wide range is available from single base pair mutation sites, the complex triple repeat disorders and various pathogens. Genemer™ kits are complete, easy-to-use systems for reliable genotyping of large repeats in certain triple repeat disorder.



Friedreich's ataxia GAA repeat genotyping was performed using FRDA Genemer™ (Catalog No. 40-2027-10) and various FRDA Genemer™ Control DNAs (Catalog No. 40-2027-XX). Optimized reagents from the FRDA Genemer™ Kit were used to amplify long repeats. Lanes 1 & 6 are molecular weight markers; lanes 2–5 are 64, 102, 110 and 125 GAA repeat amplification products.

Gene Link has developed a wide array of specific amplification primers and optimized conditions for gene fragments and specifically for the triple repeat disorders. For example, the Huntington Genemer™ kit is capable of routinely amplifying greater than 150 CAG repeats. Other detection systems available are for single base mutations and various pathogens.

The Genemer™ product contains 10 nmols of the primer pair that is sufficient for 400 regular 50 µl amplifications. The Genemer™ Kit contains reagents as well as control DNA sufficient for 100 amplifications.



### Genemer™

Product	Size	Catalog No.	Price (\$)
Fragile X, Huntington Disease, Myotonic Dystrophy, Friedreich's Ataxia, Kennedy Disease, Sickle Cell, Rh, Sry, and other Genemer™ Kits available.	1 Kit	40-20XX-11	250.00
HIV, HCV, HBV, MTB and MTB Genemer™ Kit.	1 Kit	60-20XX-11	250.00
Fragile X, Huntington Disease, Myotonic Dystrophy, Friedreich's Ataxia, Kennedy Disease, Sickle Cell, Rh, Sry, and other Genemer™ primer pairs available.	10 nmols	40-20XX-10	100.00

Visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete listing of Gene Detection Systems product line.

### The Gene Link Advantage

- No More Hazardous Radioactive Exposure
- No More Decayed Probes
- Safe, Sensitive and Reliable Genotyping
- Optimized Kits for Reproducible Results
- Triple Repeat Disorder Genotyping
- Wide Array of Detection Methods
- Chemiluminescent Detection
- Fluorescent Based Genetic Analysis
- Control DNA Standards for Varying Triple Repeat Lengths
- Wide Selection of Disease Genotyping
- Knowledgeable Technical Support

**GOLD STANDARD**

### First Round Genotyping

The Genemer™ and GScan™ products are for initial screening. All samples yielding disease causing triple repeats should be confirmed by Southern blot analysis using the GeneProber™ product line to confirm genotype.

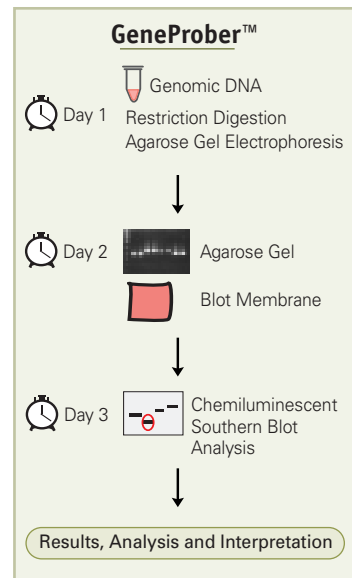
A specific gene fragment probe for Southern blot based hybridization of genomic DNA. The GeneProber™ is available unlabeled for radioactive based methods and labeled with digoxigenin for chemiluminescent detection. One tube is supplied containing 500 ng of the lyophilized unlabeled GeneProber™ probe.

The quantity supplied is sufficient for at least 5 random prime labeling reactions using 100 ng for each reaction. Gene Link recommends using 25 ng of probe for each labeling reaction. The digoxigenin labeled probe supplied is sufficient for five 20 x 20 blots.

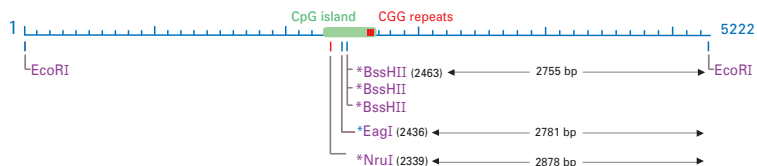
The GeneProber™ product line is based on the chemiluminescent Southern blot detection method. These probes are specially developed to detect the triple repeat amplifications. Fragile X, Huntington disease, Myotonic dystrophy, Friedreich's ataxia and Kennedy disease GeneProber™ unlabeled and digoxigenin labeled are available.

Gene Link's non-radioactive detection systems for genotyping of triple repeat disorders are rapid, reliable and as sensitive as the <sup>32</sup>P labeled southern blots. No more decayed probes and radioactive exposure.

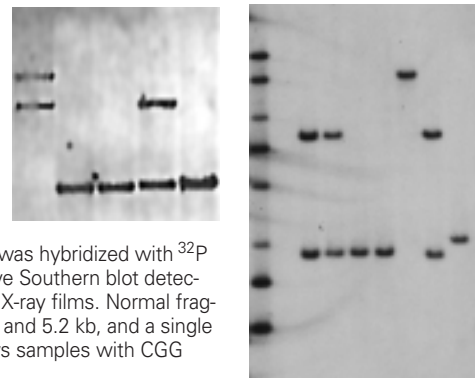
A detailed manual accompanies the product giving a step by step protocol, results and interpretation guidelines.



**Fragile X Southern Blot Analysis**



Fragile X CGG repeats genotyping results using Gene Link's GeneProber™ products. Fragile X GeneProber™ GLFXDig1 Digoxigenin-labeled Probe (Catalog No. 40-2004-41) and GeneProber™ GLFX1 Unlabeled Probe (Catalog No. 40-2004-40) were used to probe human blood genomic DNA digested with Eco RI and Eag I. Left blot was hybridized with digoxigenin labeled probe and processed for chemiluminescent detection. The blot on the right was hybridized with <sup>32</sup>P labeled GLFX1 and processed for radioactive Southern blot detection. Both blots were exposed overnight to X-ray films. Normal fragment sizes for females are between 2.8 kb and 5.2 kb, and a single fragment of 2.8 kb in males. The blot shows samples with CGG repeats in the affected range.



**GeneProber™**

Product	Size	Catalog No.	Price (\$)
Fragile X, Huntington Disease, Myotonic Dystrophy, Friedreich's Ataxia and Kennedy Disease GeneProber™ unlabeled probe.	500 ng	40-20XX-40	350.00
Fragile X, Huntington Disease, Myotonic Dystrophy, Friedreich's Ataxia and Kennedy Disease GeneProber™ digoxigenin labeled probe.	110 µl	40-20XX-41	400.00

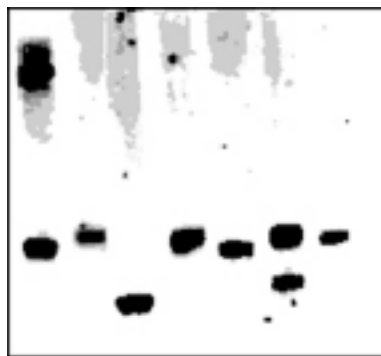
Visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete listing of Gene Detection Systems product line.



**PCRProber™ Gene Detection Kits**

PCRProber™ alkaline phosphatase labeled probe is for amplification and non-radioactive detection of a trinucleotide repeat region amplified PCR product. The PCRProber™ Kit comprises of a primer pair for PCR amplification followed by gel blot and chemiluminescent detection using the alkaline phosphatase oligonucleotide probe. Quantity supplied is sufficient for 100 amplifications.

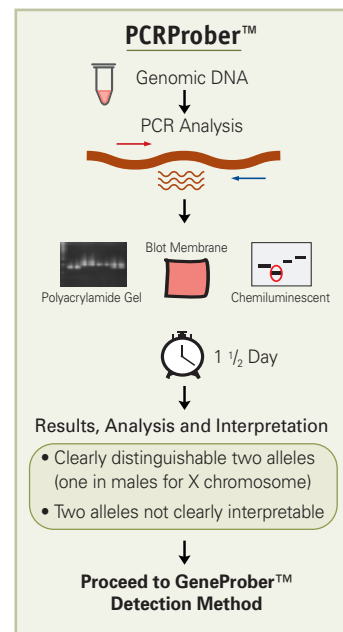
Gene Link's PCRProber™ Kit is based on PCR amplification followed by Southern blot chemiluminescent detection using an alkaline phosphatase labeled oligonucleotide probe. This kit is a safe and sensitive alternate to radioactive-based detection methods. The amplified products are resolved on a sequencing polyacrylamide gel, and then blotted and processed for chemiluminescent detection.



Fragile X CGG repeats genotyping results using Gene Link's PCRProber™. Various human genomic DNA samples were amplified using the reagents supplied in the PCRProber™ Kit (Catalog No. 40-2004-32) and processed for chemiluminescent detection following the protocol in the manual provided. Fragile X CGG repeat genotyping as an initial screening using the PCRProber™ is rapid as it amplifies CGG repeat sizes up to ~50 repeats. Lane 1 in the blot shows a female sample containing 29 and ~60 CGG repeats respectively.

The PCRProber™ Kit is simple and robust for routine triple repeat detection of greater than 100 repeats of all triple repeat disorders listed, except Fragile X. The CGG repeat in Fragile X can be detected up to ~50 repeats.

It is strongly recommended that the genotyping be followed up by using GeneProber™ Southern blot detection methods when two alleles are not clearly discernable.



**PCRProber™ Kits**

Product	Size	Catalog No.	Price (\$)
Fragile X, Huntington Disease, Myotonic Dystrophy, Friedreich's Ataxia and Kennedy Disease PCRProber™ Kits available.	1 kit	40-20XX-32	650.00
Fragile X, Huntington Disease, Myotonic Dystrophy, Friedreich's Ataxia and Kennedy Disease PCRProber™ available.	12 µl	40-20XX-31	400.00

Visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete listing of Gene Detection Systems product line.

## GScan™ Gene Detection Kits

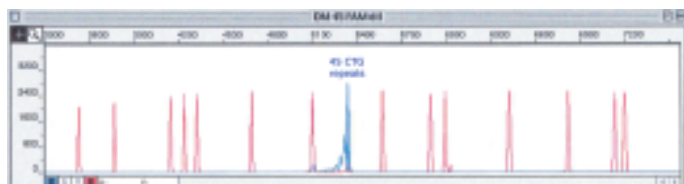
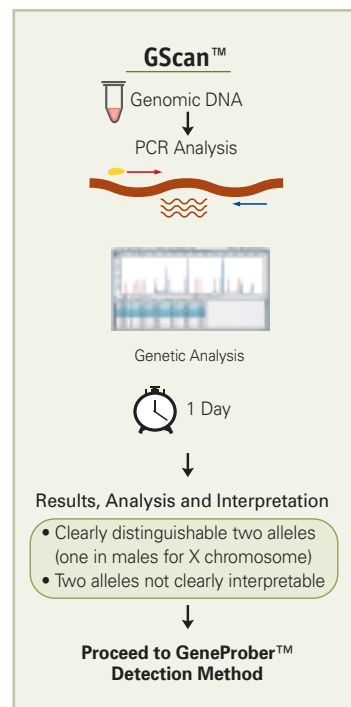
GScan™ Kits contain optimized PCR amplification reagents and a wide selection of fluorescent-labeled primers for genotyping after PCR using fluorescent genetic analyzer instrument(s). Kit includes sufficient reagents for 100 detections.

*Genotyping using this kit requires use of the appropriate fluorescent genetic analyzer instrument(s) and software capable of detection of fluorescently labeled fragments of varying lengths. These kits have been optimized for an ABI310 genetic analyzer.*

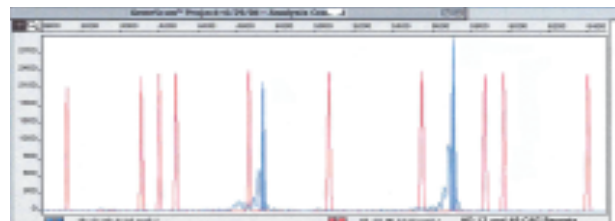
Gene Link's GScan™ gene detection kits are safe, convenient and sensitive, and afford automated compilation of data. The kits contain optimized PCR amplification reagents and a wide array of fluorescent-labeled primers for genotyping after PCR using fluorescent genetic analyzer instrument(s). Included in these kits are ready-to-run control samples of various repeats of the triple repeat disorder. These control samples are for calibration with the molecular weight markers for accurate size determination of the amplified fragments.

The GScan™ Kits are simple and robust for routine triple-repeat detection of greater than 100 repeats of all triple repeat disorders listed, except Fragile X. The CGG repeat in Fragile X can be detected up to ~50 repeats.

It is strongly recommended that the genotyping be followed up by using Southern blot detection methods when two alleles are not clearly discernable.



Above: Myotonic Dystrophy CTG genotyping  
Right: Huntington Disease CAG genotyping



### GScan™ Gene Detection Kits

Product	Size	Catalog No.	Price (\$)
Fragile X, Huntington Disease, Myotonic Dystrophy, Friedreich's Ataxia and Kennedy Disease GScan™ Kits available.	1 Kit	40-20XX-15	650.00

Visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for complete listing of Gene Detection Systems product line.

### GScan™ Dye Labeled Markers

Product	Catalog No.	Size	Price (\$)
GScan™ Marker Tamra labeled 50 bp - 600 bp	40-3061-01	100 µl	75.00
GScan™ Marker Tamra labeled 50 bp - 600 bp	40-3061-05	500 µl	325.00
GScan™ Marker Hex labeled 50 bp - 600 bp	40-3081-01	100 µl	75.00
GScan™ Marker Hex labeled 50 bp - 600 bp	40-3081-05	500 µl	325.00

\*A loading of 0.5 µl is suggested.



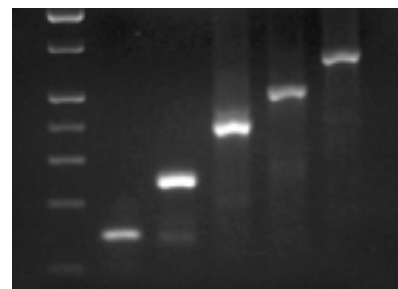
Genemer™ Control DNA are cloned fragments of a particular gene for use with gene or mutation specific Genemer™ and GScan™ products. These control DNAs are ideal genotyping templates for optimizing and performing control amplification with unknown DNA. One tube is supplied containing 500 ng of lyophilized DNA segment of the specified fragment spanning the mutation region. The quantity supplied is sufficient for 1000 regular 50 µl PCR reactions.

The control DNAs were developed to complement Gene Link's gene detection system product line. The control DNAs for a single base mutation are helpful to optimize the protocol and in setting up positive control standards.

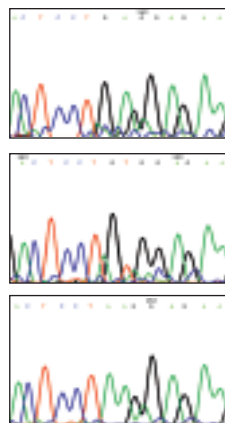
The control DNA series for various triple repeat disorders were generated by amplification. These serve as controls for the amplification of various triple repeats and to run as positive controls. The size of the triple repeats has been determined by sequencing and gel electrophoresis.

The stability of size repeats upon cloning and amplification has not been determined. Thus, the size should be considered approximate and there is no claim for each fragment to contain the exact number of triple repeats.

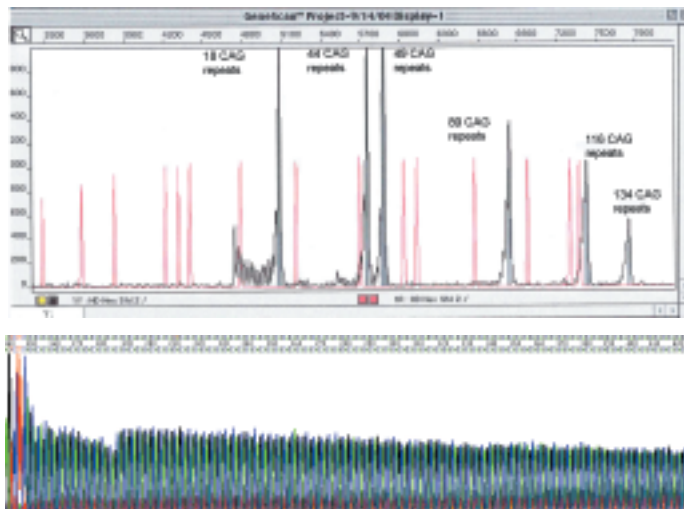
These control DNAs are sold with the expressed condition that these not be used for exact triple repeat size determination of DNA of unknown genotype. The control DNA should be used for determining the performance of specific Genemer™, GScan™ and PCRProber™ Gene Link products.



Lane 1 is molecular weight markers. Lanes 2-6 represent PCR products from DM genomic clones that contain 12, 45, 93, 129, and 182 CTG repeats respectively.



Sickle Cell Genemer™ control DNA for Hb-A, Hb-S and Hb-C.



Huntington's Disease Genemer™ control DNA of various CAG repeats shown here used for GScan™ analysis.

**Genemer™ Control DNA Kits**

Product	Size	Catalog No.	Price (\$)
Fragile X, Huntington Disease, Myotonic Dystrophy, Friedreich's Ataxia and Kennedy Disease control DNA available with varying number of triple repeats. Control DNA also available for single base mutation disorders.	500 ng	40-20XX-XX	175.00
HIV, HBV, HCV, MTB, and WNV pathogen control Genemer™ DNA.	500 ng	60-20XX-06	175.00

Please visit [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com) for other Genemer™ Control DNA not listed here.

# General Information

## Appendix

### PCR Components and Analysis

PCR buffer conditions vary and it is imperative to optimize buffer conditions for each amplification reaction. At Gene Link most amplification reactions have been optimized to work with the following standard buffer condition, unless otherwise indicated.

#### Recipe

##### Standard Gene Link PCR Buffer Composition

10 X PCR buffer	1 X PCR buffer
100 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.3	10 mM
500 mM KCl	50 mM
15 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub>	1.5 mM
0.01% Gelatin	0.001%

### dNTP Concentration

Standard dNTP concentration of 0.2 mM of each base is used. See section on PCR additives when dNTP concentration is changed.

#### Recipe

##### 2.0 mM dNTP Stock Solution Preparation\*

Component	Volume
100 mM dGTP	100 µl
100 mM dATP	100 µl
100 mM dTTP	100 µl
100 mM dCTP	100 µl
Water	4.6 ml
Total Volume	5 ml

\*Aliquot and freeze.


### MgCl<sub>2</sub> Concentration

The concentration of Mg<sup>2+</sup> will vary from 1-5 mM, depending upon primers and substrate. Since Mg<sup>2+</sup> ions form complexes with dNTPs, primers and DNA templates, the optimal concentration of MgCl<sub>2</sub> has

to be selected for each experiment. Low Mg<sup>2+</sup> ion concentration results in a low yield of PCR product, and high concentrations increase the yield of non-specific products and promote mis-incorporation. Lower Mg<sup>2+</sup> concentrations are desirable when fidelity of DNA synthesis is critical. The recommended range of MgCl<sub>2</sub> concentration is 1-4 mM, under the standard reaction conditions specified. At Gene Link, using the standard PCR buffer with KCl, and a final dNTP concentration of 0.2 mM, a MgCl<sub>2</sub> concentration of 1.5 mM is used in most cases. If the DNA samples contain EDTA or other chelators, the MgCl<sub>2</sub> concentration in the reaction mixture should be raised proportionally. Given below is a MgCl<sub>2</sub> concentration calculation and addition table using a stock solution of 25 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>.

### Primer Concentration

The final concentration of primers in a PCR reaction is usually 0.5 to 1 µM (micromolar). This is equivalent to 0.5 to 1 pmol/µl. For a 100 µl reaction, add 50 to 100 pmols. At Gene Link we use 0.5 pmol/µl in the final reaction.

 Always use filter barrier pipette tips to prevent cross contamination.

### Primer Reconstitution

**Stock Primer Mix:** Prepare a primer stock solution of 100 µM, i.e., 100 pmols/µl in sterile TE.

**Primer Mix:** Prepare a 10 pmols/µl

### Recipe

#### TE Buffer pH 7.5 Composition

##### 1 X TE Buffer pH 7.5

10 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5
1 mM EDTA

Primer Mix solution by a ten fold dilution of the stock primer mix.

**Example:** Add 160 µl sterile TE to a new tube, and to this tube add 20 µl of each primer stock solution. Label this tube as Primer Mix 10 pmols/µl.

### PCR Additives

DNA polymerases need to elongate rapidly and accurately to function effectively *in vivo* and *in vitro*, yet certain DNA regions appear to interfere with their progress. One common problem are pause sites, at which DNA polymerase molecules cease elongation for varying lengths of time. Many strong DNA polymerase pauses are at the beginnings of regions of strong secondary structure such as template hairpins (1). Taq polymerase used in PCR suffers the same fate and GC-rich DNA sequences often require laborious work to optimize the amplification assay. The GC-rich sequences possess high thermal and structural stability, presumably because the high duplex melting temperature permits stable secondary structures to form, thus preventing completion of a faithful replication (2).

Nucleotide analog 7-deaza dGTP is effective in reducing the secondary structure associated with the GC rich region by reducing the duplex stability (4). Betaine, DMSO and formamide reduce the T<sub>m</sub> and the complex secondary structure, thus the duplex stability (1-5).

Tetramethyl ammonium chloride (TMAC) actually increases the speci-

#### MgCl<sub>2</sub> Concentration & Addition Table

Final concentration of MgCl <sub>2</sub> in 50 µl reaction mix, (mM)	1.0	1.25	1.5	1.75	2.0	2.5	3.0	4.0
Volume of 25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub> , (µl)	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	5	6	8

ficity of hybridization and increases the  $T_m$ . The use of TMAC is recommended in PCR conditions using degenerate primers.

These PCR additives and enhancing agents have been used to increase

the yield, specificity and consistency of PCR reactions. These additives may have beneficial effects on some amplification and it is impossible to predict which agents will be useful in a particular context. Therefore,

they must be empirically tested for each combination of template and primers.

### PCR Additives

Additive	Purpose & Function	Concentration
7-deaza-2'-deoxyguanosine; 7-deaza dGTP	GC rich region amplification. Reduces the stability of duplex DNA.	Totally replace dGTP with 7-deaza dGTP; or use 7-deaza dGTP: dGTP at 3:1.
Betaine (N,N,N-trimethylglycine = [carboxymethyl]trimethylammonium)	Reduces $T_m$ facilitating GC rich region amplification. Reduces duplex stability.	Use 3.5 M to 0.1 M Betaine. Be sure to use Betaine or Betaine (mono)hydrate and not Betaine HCl.
BSA (bovine serum albumin)	Proven particularly useful when attempting to amplify ancient DNA or templates, which contain PCR inhibitors such as melanin.	BSA concentration of 0.01 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$ to 0.1 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$ can be used.
DMSO (dimethyl sulfoxide)	Reduces secondary structure and is particularly useful for GC rich templates.	DMSO at 2-10% may be necessary for amplification of some templates, however 10% DMSO can reduce Taq polymerase activity by up to 50% so it should not be used routinely.
Formamide	Reduces secondary structure and is particularly useful for GC rich templates.	Formamide is generally used at 1-5%. Do not exceed 10%.
Non-ionic detergents e.g. Triton X-100, Tween 20 or Nonidet P-40 (NP-40)	Stabilizes Taq polymerase and may also suppress the formation of secondary structure.	0.1-1% Triton X-100, Tween 20 or NP-40 may increase yield but may also increase non-specific amplification. As little as 0.01% SDS contamination of the template DNA (left-over from the extraction procedure) can inhibit PCR by reducing Taq polymerase activity to as low as 10%, however, inclusion of 0.5% Tween-20 or -40 will effectively neutralize this effect.
TMAC (tetramethyl ammonium chloride)	Reduces potential DNA-RNA mismatch and improves the stringency of hybridization reactions. It increases $T_m$ and minimizes mis-pairing.	TMAC is generally used at a final concentration of 15-100 mM to eliminate non-specific priming.

### References

1. Kovarova, M. and Draber, P. (2000) New Specificity and yield enhancer for polymerase chain reactions (2000) Nucl. Acids. Res. 28: e70.
2. Henke, W., Herdel, K., Jung, K., Schnorr, D. and Loening, S. (1997) Betaine improves the PCR amplification of GC-rich DNA sequences. Nucl. Acids Res. 25: 3957-3958.
3. Daniel S. Mytelka, D.S., and Chamberlin, M.J., (1996) Analysis and suppression of DNA polymerase pauses associated with a trinucleotide consensus. Nuc. Acids Res., 24:2774-278.
4. Keith, J. M., Cochran, D.A.E., Lala, G.H., Adams, P., Bryant, D. and Mitchelson, K.R. (2004) Unlocking hidden genomic sequence. Nucl. Acids Res. 32: e35.
5. Owczarzy, R., Dunietz, I., Behlke, M.A., Klotz, I.M. and Walder, J.A.. (2003) Thermodynamic treatment of oligonucleotide duplex-simplex equilibria. PNAS, 100:14840-14845.

## Appendix

### Formulas

$$\%GC = (G+C)/\text{length}$$

$$MW = (A \times 313.2) + (C \times 289.19) + (G \times 329.21) + (T \times 304.2) + (I \times 314.2) + (N \times 308.95) + (R \times 321.21) + (Y \times 296.69) + (M \times 301.2) + (K \times 316.7) + (S \times 309.2) + (W \times 308.71) + (H \times 302.2) + (B \times 307.53) + (D \times 315.54) + (V \times 310.53) + (P \times 79.98) + (U \times 290.17) - 62$$

$$T_m \text{ for oligos shorter than 25 bp} = 2(A+T) + 4(C+G)$$

For longer oligos:

$$T_m = 81.5 - 16.6 + (0.41 \times \%GC) - 600/\text{size}$$

(Reference Bolton, E.T and McCarthy, B.J. (1962) PNAS 48: 139-1397)

Formula for  $T_m$  Calculation

$$T_m = 81.5 + 16.6 \times \text{Log}_{10}[\text{Na}^+] + 0.41 (\%GC) - 600/\text{size}$$

[Na<sup>+</sup>] is set to 100 mM

Example: 5'-ATGCATGCATGCATGCATGC-3' 20 mer; GC=50%; AT= 50%

$$T_m = 81.5 + 16.6 \times \text{Log}_{10}[0.100] + 0.41 \times 50 - 600/20$$

$$T_m = 81.5 - 16.6 + 0.41 \times 50 - 600/20$$

$$T_m = 81.5 - 16.6 + 20.5 - 30$$

$$T_m = 64.9 + 20.5 - 30$$

$$T_m = 85.40 - 30$$

$$T_m = 55.4^\circ\text{C}$$

$T_m$  for same oligo using  $2(A+T) + 4(C+G)$

$$= 2(5+5) + 4(5+5)$$

$$= 2(10) + 4(10)$$

$$= 20 + 40$$

$$= 60^\circ\text{C}$$

### Degenerate Bases in Sequence

International union of biochemistry (IUB) recommends the use of single letter nomenclature for degenerate/mixed bases. The use of inosine is recommended to reduce the number of degeneracies. For degenerate (mixed bases) positions use the following IUB codes:

$$R = A+G$$

$$H = A+T+C$$

$$Y = C+T$$

$$B = G+T+C$$

$$M = A+C$$

$$D = G+A+T$$

$$K = G+T$$

$$V = G+A+C$$

$$S = G+C$$

$$N = A+C+G+T$$

$$W = A+T$$

$$I = \text{Inosine}$$

### MW and Extinction Coefficient

Base	MW	EC
deoxy adenosine	313.21	15.40
deoxy cytosine	289.19	7.40
deoxy guanosine	329.21	11.50
thymidine	304.2	8.70
deoxy inosine	314.2	7.20
A+G+T+C	308.95	10.70
A+G	321.21	13.45
C+T	296.69	8.05
A+C	301.2	11.40
G+T	316.7	10.10
G+C	309.2	9.45
A+T	308.71	12.05
A+T+C	302.2	10.50
G+T+C	307.53	9.20
G+A+T	315.54	11.86
G+A+C	310.53	11.43
phosphate	79.98	0.00
deoxy uridine	290.17	9.90

### International System of Unit Prefixes

Prefix	Symbol	Multiple
exa	(E)	$10^{18}$
peta	(P)	$10^{15}$
tera	(T)	$10^{12}$
giga	(G)	$10^9$
mega	(M)	$10^6$
kilo	(k)	$10^3$
hecto	(h)	$10^2$
deka	(da)	$10^1$
deci	(d)	$10^{-1}$
centi	(c)	$10^{-2}$
milli	(m)	$10^{-3}$
micro	(μ)	$10^{-6}$
nano	(n)	$10^{-9}$
pico	(p)	$10^{-12}$
femto	(f)	$10^{-15}$
atto	(a)	$10^{-18}$

## Index

- A**
- Adaptors 16-17
  - Affinity Chromatography 14-15
  - Agarose Gel DNA Purification 22-23
  - Alexa Dyes 19
  - Alkaline Phosphatase Conjugation 15
  - Allelic Discrimination 18-19, 31
  - Amino Labeled Primers 16
  - Amino Modification 15
  - Amplification Primers 16
  - Antisense Oligonucleotides 12-13
    - 2'-O-methyl RNA 12
    - 2'-5' Linked Oligonucleotides 12
    - 5-Me-dC 12
    - Chimeric Linkage 12
    - Locked Nucleic Acids (LNA) 12
    - Phosphorothioate 12
    - Propyne 12
- B**
- Base Stacking 8-10
  - Base/Dye Ratio 5
  - Beta Actin 17, 21
  - BHQ, Black Hole Quencher 18-19
  - Bicyclic Nucleic acid 12
  - Biophysical data 4
  - Biotin, Biotin multi, Biotin TEG 14-15
- C**
- CAG Repeats 24, 33, 36-37
  - cDNA 28-29
  - CGG Repeats 34-36
  - Chemiluminescent Detection 14, 33-35
  - Chimeric Linkage 12
  - Concentration of DNA 22-23
  - Control DNA 32-33, 37
  - Control siRNA Duplexes 21
  - Coupling Efficiency 3, 7-8, 10, 18
  - Crude Oligo 8, 11
  - CTG Repeats 24, 36-37
  - Cy 3, Cy 3.5, Cy 5, Cy 5.5, Cy 7 19
- D**
- Decamer 17
  - Degenerate Bases 40
  - Detection Methods 14, 32-37
  - Digoxigenin 14-16, 34, 37
  - DNA Polymorphism 17
  - DNA Purification System 22, 24-27
  - dSpacer 14, 15
- Duplex Stability 12-13, 19, 38-39
- Dye-labeling 19
- E, F**
- FAM, 6-FAM 18-19
  - First Strand cDNA 28-29
  - First Strand Pooled cDNA 28
  - Fluorescence 14-15, 19
  - Fluorescence in situ Hybridization (FISH) 15
  - Fluorescent Detection 14, 18-19
  - Fluorescent Dyes 18-19
  - Fluorescent Molecular Primers & Probes 18-19
  - Fragile X Syndrome 32-37
  - Friedreich's Ataxia 33-37
- G**
- GAPDH 17, 28
  - GC Content 7-10, 17
  - Gel Photo 2, 6, 9, 11
  - Gel Purification 7-11, 15, 18-19
  - Gene Construction 11
  - Gene Detection Systems 32-37
    - Genemer™ 33
    - GeneProber™ 34
    - PCRProber™ 35
    - Gscan™ Kit 36
    - Genemer™ Control DNA 37
  - Genemer™ 33
  - Genemer™ Control DNA 37
  - GeneProber™ 34
  - Genetic Analysis 16, 31
  - Genetic Disorders 32
  - Genomic DNA Purification 26-27
  - Genotyping 13, 17-19, 23, 32-37
  - GScan™ Kit 36
  - GScan™ Markers 31, 36-37
- H**
- Hairpin Formation 4, 7-10, 38
  - Heptamers 16
  - HEX 19, 31
  - Hexamers 16
  - HPLC 7, 10-11
  - Human Beta Actin 21
  - Human Vimentin 21
  - Huntington's Disease 32-37
  - Hybridization 12-13
- I, J, K**
- JOE 19
  - Kennedy Disease 32-37
- L**
- Ligand Modifications 14
  - Linked Oligonucleotides (2'-5') 12-13
  - Linkers 16-17
  - Locked Nucleic Acids (LNA) 13, 15, 19
  - Long Oligos 7-11
- M**
- Methyl (2'-O-Me) 12-13
  - Me-dC, 5- (5-Me-dC) 12-13
  - Microarray cDNA Labeling 16
  - Mixed Phosphorothioate 12
  - Modifications 12-15, 19, 21
  - Molarity Determination 5
  - Molecular Beacons 18
  - Molecular Probes 12, 19
  - Mouse Beta Tubulin 21
  - mRNA Amplification System 30
  - Multi Oligo Import 4
  - MultiBlast 5
  - Myotonic Dystrophy 32-37
- N**
- NCBI Blast 4, 5
  - NHS-activated Ligand 16
  - Non-radioactive Based Methods 14
  - Non-radioactive Detection Products 32-37
  - Nonamers 16
  - Nuclease Degradation 12-13
  - Nuclease Resistance 12-13
- O**
- Octamers 16
  - ODN 13
  - Oligo d(T) Primers 16
  - Oligo Design & Analysis 4-5
  - Oligo Dilution 5
  - Oligo Explorer™ Application 5
  - Oligo Resuspension 5
  - Oligo Scale of Synthesis 7-11, 15, 19
  - Oligo Synthesis 3-11
    - Coupling Efficiency 3, 7-8, 10
    - Design and Analysis 4
    - Long Oligos 8-11
    - Modifications 12-15, 19, 21
    - Purification 10-11

## Index

- |  |   |                                |                     |   |               |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|
| Scale of Synthesis                             | 7-11, 15, 19                                    | Purification of DNA            | 22, 24-27           | <b>S</b>                                  |               |
| Yield  | 3, 7-8, 10                                      | DNA from Agarose Gel           | 22                  | Scale of Synthesis                        | 7-11, 15, 19  |
| Oligo T <sub>m</sub>                           | 5   | DNA in Solution                | 23                  | Sequencing Primers                        | 16            |
| Oligo Type(s)                                  | 3-4, 13-15, 19                                  | Mini-prep Plasmid              | 24                  | shRNA                                     | 21            |
| DNA  | 3-4   | Viral DNA & RNA                | 25                  | Sickle Cell                               | 32-33         |
| Chimeric                                       | 12-13   | Microbial DNA                  | 25                  | siRNA, siRNA Explorer™                    | 20-21         |
| Phosphorothioate                               | 12-13   | Genomic DNA                    | 26-27               | siRNA Duplexes                            | 21            |
| RNA  | 20-21   | Blood DNA                      | 26                  | SNP Genotyping                            | 13, 18        |
| Oligo Yield                                    | 3, 7-8, 10                                      | Animal Tissue DNA              | 26                  | Spacers                                   | 14-15         |
| Crude Oligo                                    | 8, 11   | Plant Tissue DNA               | 27                  | Sry                                       | 33            |
| Purified Oligo                                 | 7-11  | Purification, Oligos           | 6-11, 15, 19        | Stock Primers                             | 16            |
| OligoProber™                                   | 17  | Polyacrylamide Gel             | 7-11, 15, 19        | Storage Recommendations;<br>custom oligos | 6             |
| Oligos   | 2-21,40   | HPLC                           | 7, 10-11            | <b>T</b>                                  |               |
| Omni-Array™ mRNA Amplification<br>System       | 30  | RPC                            | 7, 10-11, 19        | Tamra                                     | 18-19, 31, 36 |
| Omni-cDNA™ First Strand cDNA                   | 28  | Purification Recommendations   | 11                  | TaqMan                                    | 13, 18-19     |
| Omni-Clean™ System                             | 22-23   | Purity                         | 6-11, 15, 18, 23-24 | TaqMan Probes                             | 18            |
| Omni-Marker™ DNA Molecular<br>Weight Markers   | 31  | <b>Q</b>                       |                     | TET                                       | 16, 19, 38-39 |
| Omni-mRNA™ Pooled mRNA                         | 29  | QPCR                           | 13, 19-20           | Tissue DNA Purification                   | 26-27         |
| Omni-Pure™ DNA Purification<br>Systems         | 24-27   | Molecular Beacons              | 18-19               | Trinucleotide Repeat Analysis             | 35, 37, 39    |
| Omni-Pure™ Genomic DNA<br>Purification Systems | 26-27   | Taqman                         | 18-19               | Trityl Bars                               | 3             |
| Omni-Pure™ Plasmid Purification<br>Systems     | 24  | Quenchers                      | 18-19               | Trityl Monitoring                         | 3             |
| <b>P</b>                                       |   | <b>R</b>                       |                     | Typical Yield                             | 3, 7-8, 10    |
| Palindromes                                    | 7-10  | Random Primers                 | 16                  | <b>U, V, W, X, Y, Z</b>                   |               |
| Pathogen Genotyping                            | 33  | RAPD Decamer Sets              | 17                  | Unique Modifications                      | 13            |
| PCRProber™                                     | 35  | Rat Chromogranin-A             | 21                  | Yield                                     | 3, 7-8, 10    |
| Phosphorylation, phosphate<br>modification     | 14, 15, 40                                      | Reagent Dilution               | 5                   |   |               |
| Phosphodiester Linkage                         | 12-14   | Real-Time PCR Probes           | 13, 19              |   |               |
| Phosphorothioate Linkage                       | 12-13, 18                                       | Reconstitution                 | 6, 38               |   |               |
| Photo-bleaching                                | 19  | Reverse Phase Cartridge        |                     |   |               |
| Plasmid Purification                           | 22, 24  | Purification                   | 7, 10-11, 19        |   |               |
| Polyacrylamide Gel Purification                | 3, 8-11,<br>15, 19                              | Rh Factor                      | 33                  |   |               |
| Primers  | 5, 10, 12-13, 16-20, 28-29,<br>33, 35-36, 38-39 | RNA Interference               | 20-21               |   |               |
| Probe Specificity                              | 15  | RNA Quality                    | 17                  |   |               |
| Probes   | 18, 34  | RNAi                           | 20-21               |   |               |
| Propyne Modifications, pdU, pdC                | 12-13   | RNAi Explorer™                 | 20-21               |   |               |
|  |   | RNAi Explorer™ Kit, Guaranteed | 20                  |   |               |
|  |   | ROX                            | 19                  |   |               |
|  |   | RPC Purification               | 7, 10-11, 19        |   |               |
|  |   | RT-PCR                         | 28-29               |   |               |
|  |   | RT-PCRmer™                     | 17                  |   |               |

## Ordering Information

### Orders by Phone:

1-800-GENE-LINK  
(914) 769-1192

### Orders by Fax:

1-888-GENE-LINK  
(914) 769-1193

(Please note that custom oligo orders cannot be placed by phone)

### Orders by E-mail:

orders@genelink.com

All customers are encouraged to place orders through our easy to use on-line ordering system at [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com). Gene Link does not require written confirmation for telephone, e-mail or internet orders. To avoid duplication, be certain that any written confirmation of an order is clearly marked CONFIRMING.

### E-mail:

#### Customer Service

cust\_service@genelink.com

#### Sales

sales@genelink.com

#### Custom Oligo Orders

oligos@genelink.com

#### Technical Support

support@genelink.com

#### Sequencing/Genotyping

genotyping@genelink.com

#### All orders

orders@genelink.com

### Products

Gene Link is committed to providing the highest quality products at competitive prices. Gene Link warrants that all products meet or exceed the performance standards described in the product specification sheets.

Gene Link provides no other warranties of any kind, expressed or implied. Gene Link shall have no liability for direct, indirect, consequential or incidental damages arising from the use, results of use, or inability to use its products.

### Pricing

Pricing herein is subject to change without notice. Prices published on web site will be considered current.

### Privacy

At Gene Link, we respect your privacy and are committed to protecting it. We are committed to building customer trust by demonstrating this respect in every aspect of our marketing activities. If at any time you feel that Gene Link is not following its stated privacy policy, please feel free to contact us at 1-800-GENE-LINK with your concerns.

### Customer Service

Customer Service representatives are available Monday through Friday from 9:00 AM to 6:00 PM Eastern Time. E-mail: [cust\\_service@genelink.com](mailto:cust_service@genelink.com).

### Payment

All orders must be accompanied by a purchase order number or valid credit card. Payment terms are net 30 days.

### Blanket Orders

Gene Link accepts blanket orders. For your convenience, we encourage you to use this type of purchase order. For more information please contact your Purchasing department or Customer Service.

### Shipping

All unmodified custom oligos and in-stock catalog items are regularly

shipped within 24 hrs. and guaranteed to be shipped within 48 hrs. of order receipt for guaranteed next afternoon delivery. Exceptions may be necessary for US holidays. Shipping charges vary depending on item(s), package size and shipping conditions. All shipping charges are added to invoice. Please consult Customer Service for additional shipping information.

### Returns

Products may not be returned without proper authorization by Gene Link's Customer Service Department. Claims must be made within 30 days of order receipt. Due to the custom nature and temperature sensitivity of most of our products, we are unable to restock and resell returned goods.

### Intended Use

All products sold by Gene Link are intended for research use only. These products are not suitable for diagnostic or drug purposes, nor are they suitable for administration to humans or animals.

### Disclaimers

#### \*Disclaimer of License Statement for Molecular Beacons Products

This product is sold under license from the Public Health Research Institute. It may be used under PHRI Patent Rights only for the purchaser's research and development activities.

#### \*Propyne Analog and LNA Products Use Agreement

Our agreement with Glen Research, who in turn has agreements with Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Exiqon A/S, allows us to sell these products for RESEARCH PURPOSES ONLY. See details at [www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com).

The polymerase chain reaction (PCR) process is covered by patents owned by Hoffmann-La Roche. A license to perform is automatically granted by the use of authorized reagents. Roche holds exclusive rights to digoxigenin labeling.

# Gene Link.

## Results You Can Rely On.

### RNA Interference

#### RNAi Explorer™

RNAi Explorer™ from Gene Link is a series of products and services to aid researchers in exploring RNA interference.

- Online search and design tools for siRNA and shRNA
- Guaranteed RNAi Explorer™ kit for gene knockout



### Gene Detection Systems

Non-radioactive gene detection systems for the rapid and reliable detection of various gene segments.

#### Genemer™

Genemer™ products are available for Fragile X, Huntington's disease, Myotonic dystrophy, Friedreich's ataxia, Sry, X and Y, etc. Please see our website for a complete listing.

#### GeneProber™

Rapid, non-radioactive, southern-based genotyping of triple-repeat disorders such as Fragile X, Huntington's disease, Myotonic dystrophy and Friedreich's ataxia.

#### GScan™

Convenient gene detection systems for automated fluorescent genetic analyzer instruments. GScan™ systems available for Fragile X, Huntington's disease, Myotonic dystrophy and Friedreich's ataxia.



### Oligo Synthesis

Gene Link Oligo Synthesis Division is not an "oligo factory". Order Gene Link oligos for demanding applications and consistent results. A Gel picture is supplied with each oligo.

- Long oligo synthesis, up to 250 mer; all modifications available
- Molecular Beacons, TaqMan Probes, fluorescent dye labeled oligos and probes
- Easy online ordering
- Buy one, get one at no charge on your first order



### Custom Sequencing

Premium DNA sequencing results for all levels of service.

#### CloneIDSeq

For rapid clone and PCR product identification. Accuracy greater than 97%.

#### DSSeq

Publishing quality double strand sequencing. Accuracy greater than 99%.

#### Bac/Pac/P1Seq

Read length of 300 bases guaranteed. Sequence accuracy is greater than 95%.



### Fluorescent Molecular Probes

Gene Link proprietary synthesis and processing methods for fluorescent dyes yield oligos and probes of superior quality.

#### Molecular Beacons\* TaqMan Probes Fluorescent dye labeled oligos

\*This product is sold under license from the Public Health Research Institute. It may be used under PHRI Patent Rights only for the purchaser's research and development activities.



### Genetic Tools & Reagents

#### Optimized Kits

- Optimized and convenient reagent packs
- DNA, RNA and Plasmid purification systems
- Genotyping molecular weight markers
- mRNA amplification systems

#### Reagents, Buffers etc.

Optimized reagents and buffers, hybridization solutions and detection reagents.

## A WEALTH OF INFORMATION Gene Link Web Resource

This catalog is only a brief profile of our product line. We encourage you to visit our website for detailed information. There is a wealth of information always available at your desktop that is just a click away.

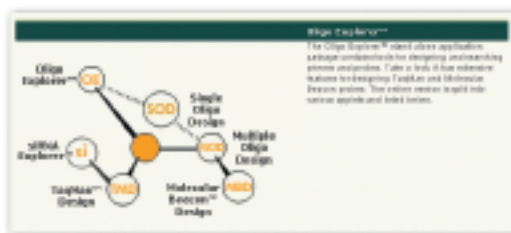
[www.genelink.com](http://www.genelink.com)

### Customer Service & Technical Support

#### Quick Question

Each page of our website contains a page sensitive "Quick Question" feature at the bottom. Type any question and your e-mail address, and receive a quick reply usually within 30 minutes.

*Ask a quick question, get a quick answer.*



### Extensive Suite of Molecular Biology Applications

- Easy to Understand and Use
- Free to Use
- No Registration Required
- Online Help Documentation
- Updated Regularly to Account for the Latest Scientific Research
- Backed with Expert Technical Support
- Comprehensive, with New Tools Added Regularly



### Technical and Reference Information

- Protocols & Manuals
- Detailed Product Guides
- Full Catalogs
- Product Specifications

## Gene Link Distributors

### Brazil

LGC do Brasil  
Rua Augusto Nunes 419  
Rio de Janeiro 20770-270 Brasil  
Tel: (21) 2592-6642  
Toll Free: 0 (800) 407-0477  
Fax: (21) 2593-3232  
Email: info@lgcdobrasil.com  
www.lgcscientific.com

### Ireland

Isis Ltd.  
Unit D11, Southern Cross Business Park  
Bray, Co. Wicklow, Ireland  
Tel: (1) 286-7777  
Fax: (1) 286-7766  
Email: conord@iol.ie

### Italy

DBA Italia S.R.L  
Via Umbria 10, Segrate  
Milano 20090, Italy  
Tel: (2) 2692-2300  
Fax: (2) 2692-3535  
Email: dba@interbusiness.it  
www.dba.it

### Japan

Funakoshi Co., Ltd.  
9-7 Hongo 2-chome, Bunkyo-ku  
Tokyo 113-0033, Japan  
Tel: (3) 5684-1653  
Fax: (3) 5684-1654  
Email: info@funakoshi.co.jp  
www.funakoshi.co.jp

### Latvia

Valdai  
3 Noliktavas Street  
Riga LV-1010, Latvia  
Tel: 722-7620  
Fax: 732-6091  
Email: valtar@navigator.lv

### Pakistan

Worldwide Scientific  
49, 50-B Syed Plaza  
30-Ferozepur Road  
Lahore 54000, Punjab, Pakistan  
Tel: (42) 755-2355  
Fax: (42) 755-3255  
Email: wws@brain.net.pk

### Saudi Arabia

Labs Care  
P.O. Box 242100  
Riyadh 11322, Saudi Arabia  
Tel: (1) 465-9452  
Fax: (1) 465-9452  
Email: manager@labscare.com  
www.labscare.com

### Taiwan

Watson Biotechnology Co., Ltd.  
5F, No. 140, Sec. 3, Chong-Shin Rd.  
San-Chong  
Taipei 241, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
Tel: (2) 2970-1171  
Fax: (2) 2970-1172  
Email: tensci.gene@msa.hinet.net  
www.tenscigene.com.tw

### Turkey

Diagen Biyoteknolojik Sistemler  
Saglik Hizm. Ve Otom. San. Tic. A.S.  
Halk Sokak 27/2 Sihhye  
Ankara 06420, Turkey  
Tel: (312) 432-0611  
Fax: (312) 432-3595  
Email: info@diagen.com.tr  
www.diagen.com.tr

### United Arab Emirates

Al Nawras Medi-Lab Supplies  
Block No. 4, Plot No. 2149  
Industrial Area No. 11  
Sharjah, U.A.E.  
Tel: (6) 534-4550  
Email: alnawras@eim.ae

### UK & Switzerland

Molecular Solutions Europe Ltd.  
2nd Floor, 145-157 St. John St  
London EC1V 4PY, UK  
Tel: (870) 199-5067  
Fax: (207) 253-9040  
Email: info@mseu.co.uk  
www.mseu.co.uk

## Gene Link, Inc.

140 Old Saw Mill River Road  
Hawthorne, NY 10532  
USA

### Telephone:

1-800-GENE-LINK  
(914) 769-1192

### Facsimile:

1-888-GENE-LINK  
(914) 769-1193

### Email:

**CUSTOMER SERVICE**  
cust\_service@genelink.com

### SALES

sales@genelink.com

### CUSTOM OLIGO ORDERS

oligos@genelink.com

### TECHNICAL SUPPORT

support@genelink.com

### SEQUENCING/GENOTYPING

genotyping@genelink.com

### ALL ORDERS

orders@genelink.com



Gene Link™